

UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE

Vishwavidyanilaya Karyasoudha Crawford Hall, Mysuru- 570 005 Dated: 24.07.2018

No.AC.2(S)/31/18-19

NOTIFICATION

- Sub: Introduction of PG Diploma course in Biotechnology
 Entrepreneurship and Commercialization (PGDBTEC) at Dept. of Studies in Biotechnology from the academic year 2018-19.
- **Ref:** 1. Decision of Board of Studies in Biotechnology (PG) meeting held on 16.12.2017.
 - 2. Decision of the Faculty of Science & Technology Meeting held on 21.04.2018.
 - 3. Decision of Academic council meeting held on 19.06.2018.

The Board of Studies in Biotechnology (PG) which met on 16.12.2017 has recommended to introduce **PG Diploma in Biotechnology Entrepreneurship and Commercialization (PGDBTEC)** course and its syllabus as per CBCS pattern from the academic year 2018-19 at Dept. of Studies in Bio-technology, Manasagangotri, Mysore.

The Faculty of Science and Technology and Academic Council meeting held on 21.04.2018 and 19.06.2018 respectively have approved the above said proposal and the same is hereby notified.

The syllabus of "PG Diploma in Biotechnology Entrepreneurship and Commercialization" course is annexed. The contents may be downloaded **from the University Website i.e.**, <u>www.uni-mysore.ac.in</u>.

Draft approved by the Registrar

Sd/-Deputy Registrar (Academic)

<u>To:</u>

- 1. The Registrar (Evaluation), University of Mysore, Mysore.
- 2. The Dean, Faculty of Science & Technology, DOS in Physics, MGM.
- 3. The Chairperson, BOS in Biotechnology, DOS in Biotechnology, Manasagangotri, Mysore.
- 4. The Chairman, DOS in Biotechnology, Manasagangotri, Mysore.
- 5. The Director, College Development Council, Moulya Bhavan, Manasagangotri, Mysore.
- 6. The Deputy/Assistant Registrar/Superintendent, AB and EB, UOM, Mysore.
- 7. The P.A. to the Vice-Chancellor/Registrar/Registrar (Evaluation), UOM, Mysore.
- 8. Office file.

Department of Studies in Biotechnology Manasgangotri, Mysuru 570006 SYLLABUS FOR POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN BIOTECHNOLOGY ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND COMMERCIALIZATION (PGDBTEC)

First Semester: Paper Code: BTEC 01 (Hard Core)

48hrs

Title: Basics of Biotechnology Entrepreneurship

Unit 1: An introduction to, Biotechnology for unmet market/societal needs Health Biotechnology: Helping to save and Extend Lives, Food and Agricultural Biotechnology: Helping to Feed the world, Industrial and environmental biotechnology: A Better way to make Things, The Public Policy Environment for Biotech Innovation.

Unit 2: Basics of Start-up:

Risks of joining a Biotechnology Company, Genzyme in the Early Days, The Importance

of Understanding Business and Finance, Raising Capital, Managing the Uncertainty of Biotechnology Core Values, Integrating the science and Business, The Value of a Business Background and Experience, Driven from within, In touch with Events outside the company, Good Fortune and Success, Company Formation, Ownership structure, and Securities Issue, EntityFormation,OwnershipStructure**8 hrs**

Unit 3:Biotechnology Entrepreneurship:

The Significance of the Biotechnology Entrepreneur, The Integration of two Distinctly Different Disciplines, Biotechnology Entrepreneurship versus General Entrepreneurship, Entrepreneurship and Intrapreneurship, The Biotechnology Entrepreneur, Manager, or Leader, Essential Biotechnology Entrepreneurial Characteristics, Being the Entrepreneur for a season, Driving Forces behind a Biotech Entrepreneur's Decisions, Learning from "Failure".

Unit 4: The Biotechnology Industry: An Engine of Innovation

The Birth of an Industry, The Industry Takes Root, The Industry Today, The Challenge of Drug Development, Falling R&D Productivity, The Consistent Challenge, Howdy Partner, The End of the Blockbuster Era, The Times they are a changing, Mapping the Human Genome, An Evolving Vision, Changing Economics, A Greater Promise, Investing in Innovation, Partnership of convenience, Promoting Technology Transfer, Not Just About Drugs, Everything Old is New Again, The Challenge of Scale, Improving Yields, The Challenge Today, The moment is now, Value is Transient, Value is Geographic Dependent Value is not a Function of Sales and Earnings, The Challenge for Life Sciences Companies.

Unit 5: Biotechnology Clusters

Actively Developing clusters world -wide, Benefits of a Biotechnology Cluster, Essential Elements to Growing a Biotechnology Cluster in a Region, Important Consideration, Enhancers of Biotechnology Cluster Development, Maintenance Factors Vs Drivers, Inhibitors of Biotechnology Cluster Growth, The Role of Government in Developing Biotechnology Clusters.

Unit 6: Biotechnology Incubators: Indian Context

Lucknow Biotechnology Park, Uttar Pradesh, Biotechnology Incubation Centre, Genome Valley, Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh, Biotechnology Core Instrumentation Facility (BTCIF) at TIDCO Centre for Life Sciences (TICEL), Chennai, The Golden Jubilee Biotech Park for Women, Siruseri, Kanchipuram District, Tamilnadu, Guwahati Technology Incubation Centre (GBPIC) at Biotech Park, Assam, Bangalore Biotech Park, Karnataka, KRIBS BioNest, Kochi, Kerala (previously called KINFRA Biotech Park).

Paper Code: BTEC 02 (Hard Core) Title: Biotechnology Business Planning and Commercialization

48hrs

Unit 1: Business Models and Business Plans

Different types of business models, models suitable for BioTechnology firms, which model is best for certain technologies, what is a business plan, building a business plan to support the model, establishing a Mission statement, Executive summary, Market analysis, Product descriptions, Proposed gearing, estimation, financials, Human resources, Intellectual property assessment, Entrepreneurs' role as a leader and risk manage, Critical analysis of case studies of important companies and entrepreneurs

Unit 2: Financing a startup

Valuation models for technologies and recognising its stage of development, types of financing options, what 'equity' and 'debt' financing mean, advantages and disadvantages of debt and equity options, financial gearing for the business model, various sources of finance, debt, Bootstrapping, Crowdfunding, Angel investors, Venture Capital, Incubators & Accelerators, Grants, Bank Loans, Business loans from Micro-Financing and NBFC (Non Banking Financial Corporations), Government programmes

Unit 3: Principles of Marketing

What is Marketing?, The Marketing Mix "4 P's" (Product, Price, Place and Promotion), 3 other P's (People, Positioning, Packaging), creating utility, types of utility (Form, Place, Time, Possession), Image utility, key features of biotechnology utility, the exchange process

Unit 4: Human Resource Management and its implications in Biotechnology

Introduction to Human Resource Management, establishing a suitable organisational structure, HR planning, Organisational culture, employee handbook, recruitment, selection process, strategies to acquiring skilled talent, managing careers, performance appraisals, continual monitoring, employee training and management development, compensation management, occupational safety and health, Grievance handling, disciplinary actions, trade

unions, complexities in the biotech industry, technology & training, non-compete agreements, retention, Legalities

Unit 5: Commercializing Biotechnology

Proof of concept, SWOT (Strength, Weakness, Opportunity & Threat) Analysis, Intellectual property rights in various industries, patent search, patent protection path, the role of business model, Legal, licensing, Intra-firm cooperation, Mergers and Acquisitions, Clusters and its role, Clusters around the globe, clusters/industries within India, utilizing clusters, access to funding in clusters, Critical analysis of Case studies, Exit Strategies

Unit 6: Indian Biotechnology Sector

Investing in Biotechnology sector, compound annual growth rate, statistics of growth of biotech industries in India, Growth drivers, BIRAC and its functions, Foreign direct investment policy, sector policy, Guidelines for stem cell research and biosimilars, National biotechnology developmental strategy, Investment opportunities, Foreign investors,

Paper Code: BTEC 03 (Hard Core) 48 hrs

Title: Biotechnology Market & Product Development

Unit 1: Biotechnology Products and their Customers: Development a Successful market strategy, Marketing, Develop a marketing strategy for your future product, Identify the patient, Identify the physician or Healthcare Provider, Identify the payers, Advancement of the Marketing Concepts, Market Research and Assessment Tools, Other Market Tools and Concepts, Starting to Develop a Market Strategy, Identify your market Development Milestones, Biotechnology Product Adoption Curve

Unit 2: Biotechnology Products Development:

Therapeutics Drug Development and Human Clinical Trails, Small molecules Drugs, Large Molecules Drugs, Clinical Transition Studies – Investigational New Drug Approval

Clinical Trials, Development and Commercialization of In-Vitro Diagnostics: Applications for Companion Diagnostics, Bringing IVD Products to Market, Successful Adoption of IVDS, Reimbursement of IVD Products, Applications of an IVD as a companion Applications, Forging Diagnostic and Therapeutic partnership for companion Diagnostic Application Integrating an IVD Into the Drug Development pathway as a Companion, Diagnostics, Challenges to the Development and Commercialization of CDx Products, Future Applications for IVD Products.

Unit 3: Regulatory Approval and Compliances for Biotechnology Products

History of the FDA, Regulations Related to Biomedical Product DevelopmentCurrent Regulatory Pathways, Translational Development, Human Clinical Testing Phases, Biological License Application (BLA)

Unit 4: The Biomanufacturing of Biotechnology Products

The History of Biotechnology and Biomanufacturing, A Typical Biomanufacturing Process

Biosimilars, Discovery, Process Development, Clinical Manufacturing, Clinical TrialsGood Manufacturing Practices, Facility Requirements, The Biomanufacturing Team – Their Typical Roles and Responsibilities in a biologics Manufacturing Facility, Material anagementBiologics Drug Substance Manufacturing, Manufacturing Support Functions, Contract CMO) Versus In-House Manufacturing

Unit 5: Intellectual Property Protection Strategies for Biotechnology Innovations

The Intellectual Property Toolbox, Patents, Contracts relating to intellectual PropertyJoint Research Projects, Copyrights, Trademarks, Pharmaceutical patents and market, Exclusivity, Regulatory Approvals for Biologics and Biosimilars, Diagnostics and personalized medicine, Corporate IP Management, Patent Strategies and Product Lifecycle Management

Unit 6:Biotechnology Market in India

Biotechnology companies, major tie-ups, biotech segments, regulatory reforms in different states, emerging business models, generic drugs and Indian biotech industry, major players, future of Indian biotech industries.

Paper Code: BTEC 04/1 (Soft Core) Title: Complexities In The Role Of Finance

48hrs

Unit 1: Introduction

What is valuation?, Profit/Equity Ratio, Discounted Cashflow Method, Asset Based Valuation method, Valuation models and its abstractness in BioTechnology/startup, Comparable Companies Method & its complexities, Free Cash Flow (FCF) Method & forecasting FCF, Product life cycle, assessing the biotechnology's stage in the product life cycle, regulatory approval process, Basic research stage, PreClinical stage, Clinical phases, Market assessment, SWOT (Strength, Weakness, Opportunity, Threat) analysis, Modelling for an appropriate exit strategy

Unit 2: Methods of funding

Estimating, Cost Control and escalations, how business model dictates funding options, two main instruments of funding a startup, Equity & Debt, their advantages and disadvantages, Implications of Equity and Debt on a startup and it's growth prospects, levels of risks and prospects of returns with each option, cost of raising capital, impact on Free Cash Flow and operatingcosts, Venture Debt, Intellectual property valuation

Unit 3: Early Stage Investments

Bootstrapping, achieving Proof of Concepts, leveraging retained equity, lean modelling, suitability analysis, Angel Investors, role of angels, managing expected returns, Incubators & accelerators, Grants, Major incubators in India, qualifying for grants

Unit 4: Crowdsourcing

The mechanics of crowdsourcing, structuring investors incentives, the international platform, introduction to major crowdsourcing services, cost of listing, importance of a social cause, forecasting payouts, managing an exit, critical analysis of case studies

Unit 5: Venture Capital

What is Venture Capital (VC)? Implication on the corporate structure and Free Cash Flow, Modelling for external investors, Growth strategy, Alphabet Rounds of Equity, Protecting Intellectual property, Legality, Intra-Company cooperation in BioTechnology, Strategic investors, Managing investor expectations, Corporate administration in India & Ministry or Corporate Affairs(MCA),later-stage venture debt

Unit 6: Exit Strategy

What is Exit Strategy?, Profit Target, Barriers to Exit, Licensing, Royalties in the BioTech sector transferring Intellectual Property, Legal procedure, Investor remuneration, Mergers & Acquisitions, Initial Public Offering (IPO, Stock Market Listing), Buyout, Liquidation, "Friendly" sale, Advantages and disadvantages of options, Critical Case studies

Tutorials: student-teacher interaction and discussion

Paper Code: BTEC 04/2 (Soft Core) Title: Marketing Strategies

Unit 1: Principles of Marketing

What is Marketing?, the role of identifying needs from a BioTech perspective, creating utility, four forms of utility (Form, Place, Time, Possession), the exchange process, current market gaps in BioTech industries (emerging markets and clusters), The Marketing Mix (Product, Place, Price and Promotion), Case Studies in successful synergies

Unit 2: Marketing Management Process

Assessing marketing opportunities, Defining the market, Consumer assessment, Environmental assessment, Demand analysis and sales forecast, Identifying Market Segments and Selecting Target Markets, Selecting the most attractive segments, Developing marketing strategies, Positioning, Modification in the stages of product life cycle, Planning marketing programs, Designing Pricing Strategies, Selecting and Managing Marketing Channels & Distribution Systems, Managing marketing efforts, Organizing resources, Implementation, Monitoring and Control

Unit 3: Product Management

Introducing a new product or service, Sources for identifying a need, Innovation, Product life cycle and its management, four phases (Introduction, Growth, Maturity, Decline), Acquisition as New Product Development, role of researchers and consultants in

48hrs

Biotechnology, Idea generation and screening, Product Mix, product classifications and its considerations in a marketing plan

Unit 4: Branding

What is branding? Its importance in Biotechnology, Public Relations (PR) and its effect on brands, Brand perception, benefits to the retailer, manufacturer and the consumer, brand equity, value contribution to organization, Packaging and labelling, legal responsibilities and limitation, indirect communication with the consumer/client, Case studies to evaluate impact on biotechnology companies

Unit 5: Marketing & Bio Technology

Critical evaluation of Case Studies from various industries in the Biotechnology Sector

Unit 6: Tutorials, student-teacher interaction and discussion

Second Semester:

Industry Internship for 6 months at Startup Industries.

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SYLLABUS AND REGULATIONS FOR POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN BIOTECHNOLOGY ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND COMMERCIALIZATION (PGDBTEC) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SCHEME (For academic year 2018-19 onwards)

Aim of the Course:

The aim of this PG diploma course is to impart instruction and training to candidates in specialized field of bioentrepreuneurship and commercialization. The course helps the next generation of biotechnology entrepreneurs with an improved chance of achieving success in industry and also is intended to develop capacity building for employment, teaching and research.

The program shall be called Post Graduate Diploma in Biotechnology Entrepreneurship and Commercialization (PGDBTEC). It is a one-year program consisting of two semesters. It is a fully self financed course. The course shall be governed by the following regulations:

ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION:

Candidates applying for admission to Post Graduate Diploma in Biotechnology entrepreneurship and Commercialization (PGDBTEC) must have obtained a minimum of 55% (50% in case of SC/ST and category-I candidates) of total marks put together from all the years of the M.Sc examination from a recognized University in India. Admission procedure including entrance examination shall be governed by the regulations stated by the University of Mysore, Mysuru.

INTAKE:

The maximum intake for this course would be limited to 20 seats.

COURSE OF STUDY:

- The course of study for the Post Graduate Diploma in Biotechnology Entrepreneurship and Commercialization (PGDBTEC) shall extend over a period of one year consisting of two semesters. Each semester shall be of twenty four weeks duration.
- The academic calendar shall be as notified by the University from time to time. However, a candidate can take a maximum of two years for completion as per the double- norms of the University of Mysore.
- The medium of instructions shall be in English.
- First Semester will consist of 4 Hard Core Papers with 4 credits each and 2 project works (to be chosen among 4 minor projects) having 4 credits each, with a total of 24 credits.

- Second Semester will consist of industry internship in start-up companies and is having 24 credits.
- Conduct of the classes will be based on the CBCS regulation of the University of Mysore.

ATTENDANCE:

In case a candidate's class attendance in a course is less than 80% or as stipulated by the University, the candidate is said to have DROPPED that course, and such a candidate is not allowed to appear for C3 in that course. Further criteria related to the attendance are as governed by the CBCS regulation of the University of Mysore.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

There shall be a University examination at the end of each semester. The evaluation of the candidate shall be based on continuous assessment. The structure for evaluation is as follows:

- Assessment and evaluation processes happen in a continuous mode. However, for reporting purposes, a semester is divided into 3 discrete components identified as C1, C2, and C3.
- The performance of a candidate in a course will be assessed for a maximum of 100 marks as explained below.

a. The first component (C1), of assessment is for 15 marks. This will be based on test, assignment and seminar. During the first half of the semester, the first 50% of the syllabus will be completed.

b. The second component (C2), of assessment is for 15 marks. This will be based on test, assignment, and seminar. During the second half of the semester the remaining units in the course will be completed.

c. During the 22th-24th week of the semester, a semester-end examination of 3 hours duration shall be conducted for each course. This forms the third/final component of assessment (C3) and the maximum marks for the final component will be 70.

d. A candidate's performance from all 3 components will be in terms of scores, and the sum of all three scores will be for a maximum of 100 marks (15 + 15 + 70). The details of continuous assessment are summarized in the following Table.

Component	Syllabus in a	Weightage	Period of Continuous assessment
	course		
C1	First 50%	15%	First half of the semester
	(3 units of total		To be consolidated by 10 th week
	units)		
C2	Remaining 50%	15%	Second half of the semester
	(Remaining 3		To be consolidated by 16th week
	units of the		
	course)		
C3	Semester-end	70%	To be completed during 22nd - 24th
	examination		Week.
	(All units of the		
	course)		