

ಮೈಸೂರು ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ  
ಸ್ಥಾಪನೆ : 1916

ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ:ಎಸಿ.6/387/2019-20

ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ ಕಾರ್ಯಸೌಧ  
ಕ್ರಾಫರ್ಡ್ ಭವನ, ಮೈಸೂರು-570005  
ದಿನಾಂಕ: 29.08.2020.

ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆ

ವಿಷಯ:- ಇತಿಹಾಸ ಸ್ನಾತಕೋತ್ತರ ಪದವಿಕೋರ್ಸ್‌ನ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳ ಪರಿಷ್ಕರಣೆ.

- ಉಲ್ಲೇಖ:- 1. ದಿನಾಂಕ: 17.02.2020ರಂದು ಜರುಗಿದ ಕಲಾ ನಿಕಾಯ ಸಭೆಯ ತೀರ್ಮಾನ.  
2. ದಿನಾಂಕ 18.06.2020ರಂದು ಜರುಗಿದ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಮಂಡಳಿ ಸಭೆಯ ನಿರ್ಣಯ.

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ದಿನಾಂಕ: 25.09.2019ರಂದು ಜರುಗಿದ ಇತಿಹಾಸ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮಂಡಳಿ ಸಭೆಯು (PG) ಹಾಲಿ ಜಾರಿಯಲ್ಲಿದ್ದ ಎಂ.ಎ ಇತಿಹಾಸ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳಿಗೆ ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡಂತೆ ಪರಿಷ್ಕರಣೆ ಮಾಡಿ 2020-21ನೇ ಶೈಕ್ಷಣಿಕ ಸಾಲಿನಿಂದ ಜಾರಿಗೆ ತರಲು ಶಿಫಾರಸ್ಸು ಮಾಡಿರುತ್ತದೆ.

The Board Unanimously resolved to retain the Titles and sub thematic of the following papers without Units any drastic changes, only the certain suggestions made in the workshop were incorporated

- I Sem Papers - Ancient Indian Civilization from Harappa Civilization to the Vardhanas Dynasty – (Hard Core)- 13901  
-Ancient World Civilizations – (Hard Core Paper) (Egypt, Mesopotamian, Greek, Roman)- 13902  
-Problems Of Ancient Indian History - (Hard Core Paper)- 13916  
II Sem Paper - Medieval Indian History (Hard Core)-13921  
III Sem Paper - Historical Method -13951  
IV Sem Paper - Economic History Modern India - 13973  
-Social Movement in Modern India -13977  
-History of British Karnataka -1398

ದಿನಾಂಕ: 17.02.2020 ರಂದು ಜರುಗಿದ ಕಲಾ ನಿಕಾಯ ಹಾಗೂ 18.06.2020ರಂದು ನಡೆದ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಮಂಡಳಿ ಸಭೆಯು ಪರಿಷ್ಕರಣೆಯನ್ನು ಅನುಮೋದಿಸಿರುವುದರನ್ವಯ ಈ ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆ ಹೊರಡಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ.

ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮ ಹಾಗೂ ಇತರೆ ಅಂಶಗಳನ್ನು ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯದ ವೆಬ್‌ಸೈಟ್ [www.uni-mysore.ac.in](http://www.uni-mysore.ac.in) ನಿಂದ ಪಡೆಯಬಹುದಾಗಿದೆ.

ಕುಲಸಚಿವರಿಂದ ಕರಡು ಅನುಮೋದಿಸಿದೆ.

ಉಪಕುಲಸಚಿವರು (ಶೈಕ್ಷಣಿಕ)  
ಮೈಸೂರು ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ  
ಮೈಸೂರು-570 008

ಗೆ:-

1. ಡೀನರು, ಕಲಾ ನಿಕಾಯ, ಕುವೆಂಪು ಕನ್ನಡ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ವಿಭಾಗ, ಮಾನಸಗಂಗೋತ್ರಿ, ಮೈಸೂರು.
2. ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು, ಇತಿಹಾಸ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮಂಡಳಿ/ವಿಭಾಗ, ಮಾನಸಗಂಗೋತ್ರಿ, ಮೈಸೂರು.
3. ಕುಲಸಚಿವರು (ಪರೀಕ್ಷಾಂಗ), ಮೈಸೂರು ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ, ಮೈಸೂರು.
4. ಉಪಕುಲಸಚಿವರು/ಸಹಾಯಕ ಕುಲಸಚಿವರು/ಅಧೀಕ್ಷಕರು, ಆಡಳಿತ ವಿಭಾಗ ಮತ್ತು ಪರೀಕ್ಷಾ ವಿಭಾಗ, ಮೈಸೂರು ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ, ಮೈಸೂರು.
5. ರಕ್ಷಾ ಕಡತಕ್ಕೆ.

## **BOS Meeting in History (Post Graduation) held on 25<sup>th</sup> Sept 2019**

The Board of Studies after due consideration of all aspects including the suggestions made in the workshop conducted by the Department on 29<sup>th</sup> and 30<sup>th</sup> of August 2019 Concerning the revision of the Syllabus of M.A. History+ resolved to

1. The Board suggested certain modifications to the existing syllabus of the paper with retaining the titles and sub thematic units mentioned here in after the papers that have been suggested for modification are

I Sem Papers - Ancient Indian Civilization from Harappa Civilization to the Vardhanas Dynasty – (Hard Core) -13901

- Ancient World Civilizations – (Hard Core Paper)  
(Egypt, Mesopotamian, Greek, Roman) -13902

- Problems Of Ancient Indian History - (Hard Core Paper)-  
13916

II Sem Paper - History Of Medieval India 700-1707 (Hard Core)-13921

III Sem Paper - Historical Method -13951

IV Sem Paper - Economic History Modern India -13973

- Social Movement in Modern India -13977

- History of British Karnataka -13982

Existing and Revised syllabus are enclosed for the considerations as annexures

2. The Board did not consider necessary any changes to the other existing papers. Hence the existing papers may be accepted as continued.

**Annexure – Recommendations for the Revision of Syllabus by PG BOS  
History Meeting of 25-09-2019**

**Existing Syllabus - Annexure I<sup>st</sup> Semester**

**Ancient Indian Civilization from Harappa Civilization to the Vardhanas Dynasty  
- Hard Core -13901**

- Unit:1. Indus valley Civilization - Town Planning - Social - economic and religious life -Vedic age - life in the Rig Vedic period - Varna System - Later Vedic period - Upanishads.
- Unit:2. Rise of Jainism and Buddhism -Mahavira and Jainism - its principles - spread of Jainism - its contributions -Gautama Buddha and his teachings - Buddhist sangha - spread of Buddhism - Buddhist councils.
- Unit:3. The Age of the Mauryas - Emergence of the Empire – administration – society – economy - Ashoka and his policy of Dhamma - Mauryan art.
- Unit:4. Age of the Guptas - Importance of the rule of the Guptas - feudal beginnings - society and religion - art and architecture literature - philosophy and science.
- Unit:5. The Vardhana dynasty - Administration of Harshavardhana - education and learning - Nalanda University - Religion - art and architecture.

### **BOOKS FOR STUDY**

1. R.S.Sharma: History of Ancient India.
2. Altekar.S: Government and State in Ancient India.
3. K.P.Jayaswal: Hindu Polity.
4. RomilaThaper: History of Ancient India Vol. I.
5. D.N.Jha: Ancient India.
6. D.D.Kosambi: Culture and Civilization of Ancient India.
7. Basham.A.L.: Wonder that was India.
8. R.S.Sharma: Indian Feudalism.

**Ancient World Civilizations – (Hard Core Paper) -13902**  
(Egypt, Mesopotamian, Greek, Roman)

- Unit.1 Egyptian Civilization: Importance of the Nile – Geographical importance- Gift of Nile- Political conditions –Social- Economic and religious conditions – Literature and learning – arts.
- Unit.2 Mesopotamian Civilization: Sumer and Babylonian Hammuralu’s code – Society and Culture – Economic conditions – art and literature – Assyrian Empire.
- Unit3 Greek Civilization, Political Organisations, Socrates, Plato and Aristotle, City – States – Athens-Sparta – Alexander – Religion – Philosophy – art and architecture – Characteristic of Hellenistic Civilization.
- Unit.4 Roman Civilization: The Land and the people – the Government – Roman Republic – Roman Empire. Roman Republic – The Empire – The Patricians and Plebeians – Punic wars.
- Unit.5 Julius Caesar, his wars and fall Augustus Caesar – Social-Economic Conditions Roman art and architecture – Painting – Sculpture – Roman Law – Roman Religion – Philosophy – Roman literature – Decline of the Roman Empire.

**BOOKS FOR REFERENCE**

1. Breasted,J.H. : Ancient Times, A History of the early world.
2. Rostovzeff,M.S. : History of Ancient World
3. Schvider.H : The History of Civilization
4. Swain.J.E. : A History of World Civilization
5. Breasted.J.H. : History of Egypt
6. Jastorow.M : The Civilization of Babylonia and Austria
7. Bury.J.E. & OTHERS : The Hellenistic Age
8. Bailey.C : The Legacy of Rome and others
9. Abot.F.F. : Society and Politics of Ancient Rome.

## **Problems Of Ancient Indian History -Hard Core Paper -13916**

- Unit.1: Indus Script and decipherment General Survey - IravathamMahadevan – SikaripuraRanganathaRao.
- Unit.2: Aryan Problem –original home – Indigenous – Foreign – Literary and Archaeological Evidences – Markers of Aryan Culture – Problems in Historiography.
- Unit.3: The Problem of urbanization in India.
- Unit.4: feudalism – R.S. Sharma’s view on feudalism in India - Feudal Polity – Feudal Economy and its Characteristic feature – Feudal Polity – Debate on the autonomy of peasant – R.S. Sharma – HarbansMukhiha.
- Unit.5: Problem of transition in ancient India – Pastoral to Agriculture – Agriculture to Money and Market – rise of Craft and Industries.

### **BOOKS FOR REFERENCE**

- IravathaMahadevan : Decipherment of Indus Valley Script.
- S.R. Rao : Indus valley Civilization.
- Dr. Kochhar : The Aryans.
- R.S. Sharma : Indian Feudalism.

### **II<sup>nd</sup> Semester -Existing Syllabus**

#### **History Of Medieval India 700-1707 Core Paper -**

1. Introduction: Approaches to medieval Indian History – The Arab Conquest of Sindh – Rise of Turks and Mongols and the conquest of North India – the impacts on society, polity, economy and culture.
2. The rise of Indo-Muslim power – The contribution of the Khaljis and Tughluqs to Medieval Indian Civilization – Khilji and Tughluq polity.

3. The Mughals and the consolidation of Indo –Muslim polity – Akbar and his attempt to create a pan Indian State, Mughal Administration.
4. Legacy of the Mughals to Social, Religious and Cultural life-Mughals society- Din-i- Ilahid – orthodoxies and Hetrodoxied under the Mughals – Music and Painting.
5. Contribution of Mughals to Art – Contribution of the Mughals to Art and Architecture Babar, Humayun and Akbar – Shahjahan and creation of quality architecture.

### **Books For Reference**

- Yasuf hussain : Indo –Muslim Polity.
- Ramprasad Tripathi : History of the Mughals, Vol. I.
- Ramprasad Tripathi : Muslim Administration in Medieval India.
- Mohammed Habib : Religion and Politics in Medieval India.
- Tarachand : State and Polity in Medieval India.

### **III Semester - Existing Syllabus**

#### **HISTORICAL METHOD - (Hard Core ) 13950**

- I. Definitions, Nature and Scope of History – Value of History – History as a science  
and art – subject matter of History- objectivity and bias – Moral Judgement in History.
- II. History and it's ancillaries – Relationship with Economics, Political Science, Sociology, Geography, Literature, Archaeology, Epigraphy and Numismatics.
- III. Criticism of sources – External criticism – Authorship, place and time – Requisitis

of a critical scholar - Selection of a Research topic, hypothesis – Material collection – primary and secondary sources.

IV. Internal criticism - literal and real meaning – Good faith and Accuracy – Facts and their significance – synthesis - hypothesis – General conclusions.

V. Chapterisation – Chronological and topical arrangement, exposition and presentation – References, Foot notes – Value of card system, notes taking – Final bibliography, Maps, Charts tables, appendices.

### **Books For Reference**

1. Arthur Marwick : Nature of History.
2. Carr. T.H. : What is History.
3. Sheik Ali.B : History its theory and method.
4. Padma M.B and Venkataratnam.A.V. : Ithihasa samshodana marga.

Daniel R.V : Studying History How and Why

### **IV Semester Existing Syllabus**

#### **ECONOMIC HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA 1757-1947 (Hard Core)-13973**

Unit.1: Pre-British Economy – Salient features – East India Company – Trading activities – Impact on Indian economy – Decline of Handicrafts.

Unit.2: British Land revenue Settlements – Zamindari – Royatwari – Mahalwari and Inamdari.

Unit.3: Colonial Impact and the peasant Rebellions – Mysore Rebellion – Santhal Rebellion – Indigo – Revolt and The Mapilla Rebellion – Famines and famine – Policy.

Unit.4: Infrastructure and Industry – Growth of Railways – Indian Industrialization and the British Policy – British and the Indian Capital – Labour Movement.

Unit.5: Foreign trade – Finance and commercialisation – Impoverishment and the Drain of wealth – Economic Ideas – Navroji, Dutt, Gandhi, Lohia and Nehru.

**Books For Reference :**

1. Dutt.R.C : Economic History of India Vol. I and Vol. II.
2. Desai. A.R. : Peasant struggles in India.
3. Dharmakumar : Cambridge Economic History of India Vol. I and Vol. II.
4. Irfan Habib and Tapar Chaudhary(ED) : Cambridge Economic History of India Vol. I.

**SOCIAL MOVEMENTS IN MODERN INDIA -13977**

- I. Introduction :Rise of the middle class – impact of English Education – Renaissance – Rise of social Movements – Reform and reuinalistic movements. The Brahama samaj – Arya Samaj.
- II Social movements among the backward classes – Sathya Shodak Samaj – Sri Narayana Dharma - Paripalana movement.
- III Social movements among the Muslims. The Reuiualistic and reformistic teends Tariah-i-Mahamadeyia – Aligash movement.
- IV Movements among the Dalits and Women in India the mission of the emancipation of Dalit.
- V The role of Gandhi and Ambedkar – women before and after independence – Gandhi and Ambedkar’s view on the emancipation of women .

## **Books For Reference**

M.S.A RAO : Social Movements In India.

M.N.Srinivas : Social Change in Modern India.

## **HISTORY OF BRITISH KARNATAKA -13982**

Unit.1: Coming of the British.

- A. Establishment of factories and trading activities of the British in Canara coast.
- B. The Fourth Mysore war and the implication of the Subsidiary treaties, Karnataka.
- C. Early Anti-British uprisings.
- D. 1857 – 58 uprisings in Karnataka.

Unit.2: General Administration of the British in Karnataka is the 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> Centuries – Dharwad, North Karnataka, Bellary District.

Unit.3: Revenue Administration of Karnataka Districts in the Bombay Presidencies – Revenue system under the Madras presidency – Growth of Industries.

Unit.4:

- A. Rise of Modern Education in Karnataka.
- B. Role of Press in Karnataka.
- C. Growth of Kannada.
- D. Literature.

Unit.5: Reaction against British Imperialism – National awakening Gandhiji and Non-co-operation – Quit India Movement – Unification Movement.

## **Books For Reference:**

1. Sham Rao : Modern Mysore in 2 Vols.
2. Hettne, Bjorn : Political Economy of an indirect rule, Mysore.
3. Suryanath Kamath (Ed) : Karnataka Gazetteers.
4. R.R.Diwakar : Karnataka through the ages.

## Revised Syllabus

I<sup>st</sup> Semester

### Ancient Indian Civilization from Harappa Civilization to the Vardhanas Dynasty (Hard Core)-13901

- Unit:1. Indus valley Civilization – background –Pre historic cultures – Neolithic culture – stages in transition to urbanization – Mehargarh, Indus cities – General features - Town Planning – Socio, religious and economic conditions - downfall – The Vedic age - Life in the Rig Vedic and later Vedic period- Society, Polity and religion -Vedic Literatures Upanishads
- Unit:2. Rise of Jainism and Buddhism -Mahavira and Jainism - Its principles - Spread of Jainism -Gautama Buddha and his teachings - Buddhist sanghas - Spread of Buddhism - Buddhist councils. The contribution of the teachings of new religions to the Indian Society – The Ajivikas and Lokayatas. Second urbanization, urban centers – New classes and changing social relations
- Unit:3. The Age of the Mauryas - Emergence of the Empire — Society – Administration - Economy - Trade and trade routes –The Monetary System - Ashoka and his policy of Dhamma – Ashokan edicts – Kautilyas Arthashastra – Megasthanes Indica - Art and Architecture.
- Unit:4. Post Mauryan Age- Indo Greeks - Sakas and pahlvas - Sungas and Kanvas - Social conditions - State formations in central India - Dekkan satavanahas and western Kshatrapas - Land grants and Agricultural expansion -Trade and trade guilds – Indo Roman trade, coins, currency sculpture –Paintings. The Kushanas – Society – Religion - Art and Architecture and Sculpture – Gandhara – Mathura and Amaravati Art - Trade and trade routes, silk routes. The Sangam Age – Literature and Society.
- Unit-5 The age Gupta and Post Gupta – Vakatakas and Vardhanas

Guptas Political consolidation - Administration - Feudal beginnings – Land grants - Society and religion - Art and architecture - Literature - Philosophy science and technology. Coins and currency – Huna invasions - Importance of the rule of the Guptas – Golden Age a Myth or Reality. The Vakatakas - Contributions of Art and architecture - Literature. Post Gupta - The Vardhana dynasty - Administration of Harshavardhana - Education and learning - Nalanda University - Religion - Art and architecture.

### **BOOKS FOR STUDY**

9. R.S.Sharma: History of Ancient India.
10. Altekar.S: Government and State in Ancient India.
11. K.P.Jayaswal: Hindu Polity.
12. RomilaThaper: History of Ancient India Vol. I.
13. D.N.Jha: Ancient India.
14. D.D.Kosambi: Culture and Civilization of Ancient India.
15. Basham.A.L.: Wonder that was India.
16. R.S.Sharma: Indian Feudalism.

## **Ancient World Civilizations –**

(Egypt, Mesopotamian, Greek, Roman) (Hard Core Paper) 13902

- Unit.1 Egyptian Civilization: influence of geography on Egypt - Importance of the Nile – Political history - Archaic period, intermediate period, the old kingdom, the middle Kingdom – Invasion of Hyksos Kingdom. The new kingdom – The period of empire – The downfall of Egypt. Socio – Economic condition – Cultural contribution – Religion, Art and Architecture.
- Unit.2 Mesopotamian Civilization: Geographical back ground - Political history – Sumerian, Akkadians, old Babylonian empire – Hammurabi and his code, the new Babylonian empire – Nebuchadnazzar – decline of Babylon – The Assyrian empire - Socio economic and religious conditions – Cultural contributions – Law, Art and architecture
- Unit3 Greek Civilization – Geographical influences –Minoan and Mycenaean Civilization. Dark age – The Archaic and classical period. Polity –City states, Athens-Sparta - Socio economic and religious conditions, Class conflict and slavery – Cultural contribution – Philosophy, Socrates, Plato and Aristotle – Literature, art and architecture - Characteristic features of Hellenistic Civilization.
- Unit.4 Roman Civilization impact of Geographical Etruscan and Greeks. The founding of Rome city Rome under Monarchy - The Roman republic - Roman expansion. Polity, Economy and Struggle between patrician and plebeians.
- Unit.5 Rise of dictatorship in Rome, Julius Caesar - Roman Principate and empire. Augustus Caesar – division of Roman empire – Dioclesian and Constantine – Decline of western Roman empire – Socio-economic and religious conditions, - Judaism and christianity, Slavery – Cultural contribution of Rome - Roman Law - Art and architecture

### **BOOKS FOR REFERENCE**

10. Breasted, J.H. : Ancient Times, A History of the early world.
11. Rostovzeff, M.S. : History of Ancient World
12. Schvidler, H. : The History of Civilization

- |                        |   |   |
|------------------------|---|---|
| 13. Swain.J.E.         | : | A History of World Civilization           |
| 14. Breasted.J.H.      | : | History of Egypt                          |
| 15. Jastrow.M          | : | The Civilization of Babylonia and Austria |
| 16. Bury.J.E. & OTHERS | : | The Hellenistic Age                       |
| 17. Bailey.C           | : | The Legacy of Rome and others             |
| 18. Abot.F.F.          | : | Society and Politics of Ancient Rome.     |

### **PROBLEMS OF ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY (Hard Core Paper) -13916**

- Unit.1: Problem in decipherment of Indus Script – Attempts of Asko Parpola - Iravatham Mahadevan – Sikaripura Ranganatha Rao.
- Unit.2: Aryan Problem –Original home – Foreign or Indigenous– Debate on Aryan migration –Views of R.S.Sharma - Literary and Archaeological Evidences, Recent researches, DNA - Markers of Aryan Culture – Problems in Historiography.
- Unit.3: Transition in ancient India – Pastoral to Agriculture – Agriculture to Money and Market –Commodity Productions – Rise of crafts.
- Unit.4: Urbanization in India – First urbanization - Second urbanization, urbanization and its Impact on Society and economy.
- Unit.5: Feudalism – Definition meaning, Origin of European Model – Marc bloch views - Indian concept of feudalism – Views of R.S. Sharma – Feudal Polity and Economy –The concept of Free peasant of Harbans Mukhia.

### **BOOKS FOR REFERENCE**

1. Romila Thapar : Early India From the Origins to Ad 1300
2. Romila Thapar : Interpreting early India
3. Romila Thapar : From Lineage to State
4. R.S. Sharma : Indian Feudalism.
5. R.S. Sharma : Advent of the Aryans in India
6. R.S. Sharma : In search of Aryans

7. J.P Mallory : In Search of the Indo- Europeans Language, Archaeology and Myth
8. Deshpande, Madhav M and Peter Edwin Hook, eds: Aryan and non Aryan in India
9. Asko Parpola : Deciphering the Indus Script
10. Herann Kulke : The state in india 1000-1700
11. Irfan Habib : A People's History of India -The Vedic age
12. IrvathaMahadevan : Decipherment of Indus Valley Script.
13. S.R. Rao : Indus valley Civilization.
14. Dr. Kochar : The Aryans.
15. Robert trautmann : Aryans & British India
16. Erdosy, George ed, : The Indo-Aryans of Ancient South Asia: Language, Material Culture and Ethnicity,
17. Bharathiya Vidya Bhavana Series : The Vedic age
18. A. L Basham : A Cultural History of India
19. A. L Basham : The Wonder That Was India:

## **Revised Syllabus**

II<sup>nd</sup> Semester

### **HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA 700-1707 (Hard Core ) -13921**

#### Unit:-1

Sources - Amir Khusrau – Zia-ud-Din Barani - Babar, Abul Fazal - Abdul Hamid Lahori, Khafikhan, Bhimsen. Foundation of the Turkish State in India – The early Sultans of Delhi – Consolidation of Turkish Power and the rise of centralised despotism – Allauddin Khilji and Mohammad-bin-Tughluq – Administration of the Delhi Sultanate.

#### Unit:-2

Decline of the Sultanate – The Later Tughluqs – Timur's invasion – The Saiyids and the Lodhis – Circumstances Leading to the battle of Panipat

### Unit:-3

The foundation of the Mughal Empire – Babar and Humayun – Revival of Afghan Power – Sher Shah Suri and his Successors – The Second Battle of Panipat and Triumph of the Mughals – Hemu and Bairamkhan. – Akbar’s rise and consolidation of power – Conquests and annexations – The Triumph of Akbar, Jahangir, Shah Jahan and Aurangzeb.

### Unit:- 4

Mughal Administration – Mughal Nobility and bureaucracy – Deccan policy of the Mughals. The Shahis and the Marathas - Decline of the Mughal Power.

### Unit:- 5

Society and Culture – The Bhakti Movement – Kabir and Nanak – The Sufi Movement – Shaik Nizamudin Auhuliya and Salami Chisti – Learning and Literature - Persian, Hindi and Other Vernaculars – Fine Arts – Art and Architecture in Medieval India

### **Books For Reference**

- Satish Chandra : Medieval India From Sultanate to the Mughals Delhi Sultanate (1206-1526)
- Satish Chandra : Medieval India From Sultanate to the Mughals Delhi Sultanate (1526-1748)
- Sunil Kumar : The Emergence of the Delhi Sultanate
- Habib and Nizami (ed) : Comprehensive History of India, Vol.V The Delhi Sultanate
- R.P. Tripathi : Rise and Fall of the Mughal Empire –Vol I
- Dr. Iswari Prasad : The Mughal Empire
- Jadunath Sarkar : A Short History of Aurangzeb.
- Dr. R.Nath : History of Sultanate Architecture.
- Dr. Tarachand : Influence of Islam on Indian Culture.
- I.H. Qureshi : Administration of the Mughal Empire
- Yasuf hussain : Indo –Muslim Polity.

Ramprasad Tripathi : History of the Mughals, Vol. I.

Ramprasad Tripathi : Muslim Administration in Medieval India.

Mohammed Habib : Religion and Politics in Medieval India.

Tarachand : State and Polity in Medieval India.

M.Athar Ali : Growth of Mughal nobility under Aurangzeb.

Satishchandra : Parties and Politics in the Mughal Court

S.M. Edwards : Babar – a diarist and a despot.

Abdul Aziz : The Mansabdari system under the Mughal

## **Revised Syllabus**

III<sup>rd</sup> Semester

### **Historical Method** -Hard Core -13951

Unit: 1 Definitions, Nature and Scope of History – Value of History – Utilitarian , Intellectual and social uses- History as a science and art – Factual content plus absence of laboratory verification,– Subject matter of History

Unit: 2 History and Social Sciences – Relationship with Economic, Political Science, Sociology, Anthropology, Geography, Philosophy, and Literature – Facts and their significance – objectivity and bias – Moral Judgment in History.

Unit: 3 History and its acillaries – Relationship with Archaeology, Epigraphy and Numismatics – Critical scholarship – Requisites of a Critical Scholar – Selection of Research topic – suitability and relevance of the subject – Material collection – Primary and Secondary sources.

Unit: 4 Internal criticism of the Sources – Allthorship, Place and time – External Criticism of the sources – Literal and real meaning – Good faith and Accuracy – Formation, development and verification of the hypothesis – General conclusions.

Unit: 5 Chapterisation – Chronological and topical arrangement, exposition and presentation – References, Foot notes – Value of card system, notes taking –Final bibliography, Maps, Charts tables, appendices Quantative methods

### **Books For Reference**

1. Arthur Marwick : Nature of History.
2. A.L. Rowse : The Use of History
3. E.H.Carr. : What is History.
4. Garraghan : A Guide to Historical Method
5. Kitson Clerk : The Critical Historian
6. Barzun and Graff : The Modern Researcher
7. Anderson etal : Thesis and Assignment writing
8. Sheik Ali.B : History its theory and method.
9. Padma M.B and Venkataratnam.A.V. : Ithihasa samshodana marg.
10. Daniel R.V : Studying History How and Why.
11. Marc Bloc : A Historians Craft

**Economic History Of Modern India 1757-1947** Hard Core -13973

- Unit.1: Introduction - Interpretations of Modern Indian Economy – Colonial Oriental, National and post independence delectates Pre-British Indian Economy – Village communities and rural class structure – Mercantile activities of the East India Company – Foreign trade – Internal and coastal trade – role of private traders – Impact on the Indian economy
- Unit.2: Agrarian Economy – British land revenue policy – Zamindari – Mahalwari – Ryotwari – Privileged land holding – Inams – commercialisation and plantation economy – famines – Laissez –faire and the colonial state
- Unit.3: Colonial Economic policies – tariffs – finanace – currency and banking organisation. Transport and communication – railways – Indian telegraph system.
- Unit.4: Industry – Decline of traditional industries – Rise of Modern industry - Rise of Indian capitalist class– British industrial policy – Indian working class movement
- Unit.5: Economic Ideas – British economic Ideas – Indian economic thinkers – Neoroji – Ramesh Dutt – Gandhi- Nehru – Lohia.- Impact of the British Colonial rule - An overview- Poverty of Masses – Economic Drain –

**Books For Reference :**

1. Dharmakumar (ed) : Cambridge Economic History of India and Vol. II.
2. R.C. Dutt : Economic History of India (vol.I and II)
3. Ranade M.G : Essays on Indian Economics
4. Bhattacharya. S : Financial Foundations of the British Raj\
5. Bipin Chandra : Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India
6. R.P Dutt : India Today
7. K.N. Chaudhuri : The Economic Development of India under the East India Company
8. R.Frykenberg : Land control and social structure in Indian History.
9. V.B. Singh : The Economic History of India 1857-1947.
10. Bhatia, B.M : Famines in India 1860-1945

11. Sugita Bose (ed) : Credit Markets and the Agrarian Economy of Colonial India  
 12. Asiya Siddiqi (9ed) : Trade and Finance in Colonial India 1750-1860

### **Social Movements In Modern India –Soft core -13977**

Unit:1 Introduction : Conceptual framework – Type of Social Movements. – the introduction of English education and its impact– Middle Class – Attitude towards reforms - Renaissance of 19<sup>th</sup> Century – Rise of social reforms Movements – Brahmo-samaj, Prarthanasamaj, Aryasamaj , Ramakrishana Movement.

Unit:2 Social movements among the backward classes, Jotiba Puley - Sathya Shodaka samaj – Sri Narayana Dharma Paripalana Movement – The Dravidian movement –Periar and Self Respect Movement – The Yadava movement.

Unit:3 Social Movement among Muslims - The Revivalistic and reformistic trends - Wahabi Movement - Tariah-i-Mahamadiyia – Sir Syed AhamadKhan - Aligarh movement.

Unit:4 Emergence of Dalit Movement in modern India – Dr.B.R.Ambedkar – Philosophy and struggle – Mahatma Gandhi’s approach to the eradication of untouchability

Unit:5 Rise of Women’s Movement – Savitri bai phuley – Sarojini Naidu – Gandhi’s initiative – Women participation in National Movement – Ambedkar Views on women and the oppression – Contemporary Women Movement in India.

### **Books For Reference**

- M.S.A RAO : Social Movements In India.  
 M.N.Srinivas : Social Change in Modern India.  
 A.R Desai : Social Movement in Modern India  
 A.R. Desai : Social Background of Indian Nationalism  
 Gail Omvedt : Dalit Movement in Modern India  
 Marc Gallanter : Competing Equalities  
 Marc Gallanter : Caste in Modern India  
 Braj Ranjan Mani : Debrahmanising History : Dominance and Resistance in Indian Society ( Extensively Revised Edition

## **History Of British Karnataka –Soft core -13982**

- Unit.1: Establishment of factories and trading activities of the British in the Canara coast. The Fourth Mysore war and the implications - Treaty of 1799 and the Partition treaty - British takeover of Dharwad, Bellary, Coastal Karnataka and Coorg.
- Unit.2: General Administration of the British in Karnataka in the 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> Centuries – Dharwad, Bellary District, South and North Canara and Coorg, Anti – British uprisings in the 19<sup>th</sup> Century.
- Unit.3: Revenue Administration of Karnataka Districts in the Bombay Presidency – Revenue system under the Madras presidency - Socio – Economic Changes
- Unit.4: Rise of Modern Education in Karnataka - Role of Press in Karnataka - Growth of Kannada, Literature – Cultural Scenario
- Unit.5: Reaction against British Imperialism – Gandhian Influence in Karnataka - Non-Co-operation Movement – Civil Disobedience Movement Quit India Movement – Unification Movement.

### **Books For Reference:**

5. Sham Rao : Modern Mysore in 2 Vols.
6. Hettne, Bjorn : Political Economy of an indirect rule, Mysore.
7. Suryanath Kamath (Ed) : Karnataka Gazetteers.
8. R.R.Diwakar : Karnataka through the ages.