



UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE
CENTRE FOR STUDY OF SOCIAL EXCLUSION AND
INCLUSIVE POLICY

Humanities Block, Manasagangothri, Mysore - 570006

*On the occasion of Decennial Celebration of CSSEIP is
Organizing*

Two Day National Conference
On
FOOD SECURITY AND SOCIAL INCLUSION IN INDIA
14th and 15th March, 2018

Venue:
Manasagangothri, University of Mysore, Mysore - 570006

To.

Organized by
CENTRE FOR STUDY OF SOCIAL EXCLUSION AND INCLUSIVE POLICY
UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE, MYSORE - 570006

Funding Courtesy:



Indian Council of Social Science Research, Hyderabad

BACKGROUND

In India, majority of people in the developing countries are under the line of poverty. They are deprived of adequate access in the basic needs of life such as health, education, housing, food, security, employment, justice and equity. Issues of sustainable livelihood, social and political participation of the vulnerable groups exists as the major problem in the developing nations. Social exclusion is a multidimensional phenomenon not limited to material deprivation; poverty is an important dimension of exclusion, albeit only one dimension. Accordingly, social inclusion processes involve more than improving access to economic resources. Social inclusion is defined as the process of improving the terms of participation in society, particularly for people who are disadvantaged, through enhancing opportunities, access to resources, voice and respect for rights.

Food security exists when all people at all times have physical and economic access to sufficient, safe and nutritious food to meet their dietary needs and food preferences for an active and healthy life" (FAO, 1996). Food insecurity refers to both the inability to secure an adequate diet today (i.e. hunger) and the risk of being unable to do so in the future. Food security is essential to the well being of both adults and children; insecurity can harm children's physical and mental health, and contributes to a greater prevalence of depression. In recent times, food security issue has come to the fore front on national debate and discussion in India and is a matter of concern for all governments all over the world. The World Food Summit of 1996 defined food security as "People are considered food secure when they have availability and adequate access at all times to sufficient, safe, nutritious food to maintain a healthy and active life. According to the World Health Organization states that there are three pillars that determine food security i.e., Food Availability, Food Access and Food Utilization. In 2009, the World Summit on Food Security stated that the "four pillars of food security are availability, access, utilization, and stability"

The 2012 Global Hunger Index (GHI) Report ranked India at 65 places with a score of 22.9. In fact India's progress in different sectors can be evaluated by the Human Development Report of the UN which ranked India 131 out of total 188 countries in March 2017. The information regarding the hunger, malnutrition and poverty brought by these national and international organizations, continuous struggle by members of civil society and judgment passed by Supreme Court of India compelled the government to fulfill its constitutional obligations as enshrined in Article 21 and Article 47 of the Constitution. The National Food Security Act passed by the parliament of India is aimed at to fulfill the constitutional obligations as enshrined in Article 21 and Article 47 of the Constitution. The new act addresses the problems of hunger, poverty and undernourishment in the country. This makes India probably the first country to recognize that ensuring food security to citizen is not moral and ethical but also legal imperative as well.

In this background, this conference proposes to address the issues of food security, health, poverty and exclusion questions of marginalized sections specially Dalits, Tribal, women, physically challenged persons and Minorities. Further, this conference will highlight various issues and dimensions relating to food security programmes in India. Keeping this in view, the CSSEIP is organizing a two-day national conference on "**Food Security and Social Inclusion in India**" on 14th and 15th March 2018. This conference hopes to make an important contribution to such a strategy.

OBJECTIVES OF THE CONFERENCE:

1. To understand the concept of food security and role of government initiatives in ensuring food security to people especially marginalized groups.
2. To understand the problems, challenges and various other factors which hamper the food security initiatives.
3. To deliberate on the issues that can help in meeting the core objectives of food security.
4. To spread awareness among the community about the food security programmes of the government.

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SUB-THEMES FOR PAPER PRESENTATIONS

The following areas will be the main themes for this conference on 'Food Security and Social Inclusion in India.

- Food security and Inclusive Development
- Food Security, Rural Poverty and Agriculture sector in India
- Food Security and Agricultural Development: Policy Issues
- Challenges in achieving Food Security
- Poverty and Food Security
- Food security, agrarian crisis and rural livelihoods
- Gender, Children and Food Security
- Social Protection, Rural Development and Food Security:
- Urban Agriculture and Food Security
- Right to Food and Sustainable Livelihood.
- Food Security and Public Distribution System
- Role of 'Institutions of Local Government' in the Execution of Food Security programmes
- Food Security and Public Distribution System in Karnataka: An Evaluation
- The National Food Security Act : An overview
- Other related issues.

ABOUT UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE

The **University of Mysore (Accreted with A++)** spread around 750 acre's is among the leading institutions of its type, and is an long-term symbol in the focus on excellence in higher education in India. It was founded by the then Maharaja of Mysore, His Highness Sri Krishnaraja Wodeyar IV on July 27, 1916. The University of Mysore became the first University outside the sphere of the British administration in India, the sixth University in India as a whole, and the first ever University in Karnataka State. And University of Mysore is celebrating centenary year in 2016.

ABOUT CENTRE FOR STUDY OF SOCIAL EXCLUSION AND INCLUSIVE POLICY

The Tenth Plan recognizes that marginalization, exclusion, persecution of people on account of social, religious, caste and gender adversely affect developmental outcomes. The State is committed to instituting a National Charter to ensure social justice to deprived communities like Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, other backward castes and minorities. With this background, the CSSEIP is a University Grants Commission (UGC) sponsored centre functioning in University of Mysore (Karnataka) to conduct research on the issue of social exclusion, which has hypothetical as well as policy importance. The focus of the centre will be social exclusion and inclusion related to Dalits, tribal, and religious minorities etc.

CALL FOR PAPERS

Papers are invited on any of the sub-themes of the conference. Contributions may take the form of a paper.

GUIDELINES FOR SUBMISSION OF ABSTRACT AND FULL PAPER

- ✦ The abstract (500 words) and full paper (10 to 12 Pages) should be submitted by email to fssicsseip@gmail.com. An expert committee will short-list the selected papers. Selected full papers will be double blind refereed by the peer experts for their selection for publication in the edited volume (with ISBN).
- ✦ The papers should be submitted in both hard and soft copy (in MS word, Times New Roman, A-4 size with one-and-a-half line spacing and one-inch margin all around and maximum 10 to 12 pages). Papers without soft copy will not be accepted.
- ✦ The research papers shall be preferably in the standard research format, spelling out the need for the study, objectives of the study, hypothesis if any, methodology, techniques of data analysis, findings/ results, conclusion, references and statistical tables, in that order.

ACCOMMODATION DETAILS:

Two days Moderate lodging and boarding facilities will be provided (paper presenter) in the university guesthouse on twin share basis on first come first serve base. Outstation paper presenters are requested to avail TA from their own institute. No TA to anyone please.

REGISTRATION DETAILS:

Paper Presenters	: Rs. 300/-
Faculty and Academicians	: Rs. 250/-
Research Scholars	: Rs. 200/-
Students	: Rs. 150/-

IMPORTANT DATES:

Last date for submission of abstract	: 24.02.2018
Acceptance to be communicated	: 26.02.2018
Submission of Full Paper	: 05.03.2018
Conference Dates	: 14 th and 15 th March 2018

ORGANIZING COMMITTEE	
<p>Chief Patron Prof. C. BASAVARAJU Hon. Vice Chancellor (I/c), University of Mysore, Mysore</p>	<p>Patron Smt. D BHARTHI Hon. Registrar, University of Mysore, Mysore</p>
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