

*Syllabus for PG entrance examination*  
*Subject-Political Science*

1. Fundamentals of Political Science - Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance of Political Science, Growth of Political Science as a discipline, Political Science and other Social Sciences, State- Meaning, Importance and elements, Theories of State- Social contract theory and Evolutionary theory, Sovereignty, Liberty, Equality, Rights, Justice, Political obligation and Citizenship.
2. Political thinkers-Plato, Aristotle and Kautilya, Jawaharlal Nehru, Mahatma Gandhi and Dr. BR Ambedkar.
3. Modern Governments- Government of UK-features, Parliament, Crown and Prime Minister, the Supreme Court, Government of USA- features, the Congress, the President, the Supreme Court, Government of Switzerland-features, Legislature, Executive and Judiciary.
4. Constitution of India- Features, Preamble, fundamental rights and Duties, Directive principles of state policy, Parliament, President and Prime Minister, Council of ministers, the Supreme Court, Indian federalism-features, Centre-State relations.
5. State Government and Politics- Legislature, Governor, Chief Minister, Council of ministers, High Courts and Subordinate courts.
6. Local self governments- Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance, 73<sup>rd</sup> and 74<sup>th</sup> Constitutional amendments, Zilla Panchayaths and Gram Panchayaths, City-Corporations and Town Panchayaths.
7. Political process in India- Party System, National and Regional Political Parties- Role and Functions, Pressure Groups, Electoral System- Election Commission of India, Electoral reforms.
8. Public Administration-Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance, Organization and Principles of Organization, Department-Bases and Classification, Management- Features and Functions, Civil Service-Features and Functions, Recruitment, Training, Promotion, Morale, discipline and Retirement.

9. International Relations-Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance,National Power and Elements of National Power, Foreign Policy and its Instruments- Diplomacy, Propaganda and War, Contemporary Global Concerns- Democracy, Human rights,Environment,Gender Justice, Terrorism and Nuclear Proliferation.

10. International Organizations and Administration- United Nations and its Principal Organs, specialized agencies- UNESCO, UNICEF, ILO, IMFandWHO. Regional Organizations-EU, ASEAN, SAARC and NAFTA

### **Reference:**

1. Principles of Political Science- A.C. Kapoor.
2. Modern Political Theory- S. P. Verma.
3. A study of Political Theory- B.K. Gokale.
4. Political Theory- Ashirvatham.
5. Western Political Thought- R.C. Gupta
6. Indian Political Thought- Goel.
7. Select Constitutions- A.C. Kapoor.
8. World Constitutions- V.D. Mahajan
9. Major Political systems- J.C. Johari.
10. Indian Governments and Politics- - J.C. Johari.
11. Indian Constitutions- M.E. Pylee.
12. Local Self Governments in India- S.R. Maheshwari.
13. Principles of Public Administration- A.R. Tyagi.
14. Public Administration- Avasthi and Maheshwari.
15. Theory and Practice of Public Administration- M.P. Sharma.
16. International Relations- Palmer and parkins.
17. International Relations- V.D. Mahajan and Jayapalan.
18. Politics among Nations- Hans J Morgenthau.
19. International Relations- K.K. Ghai.
20. Theoretical Aspects of International Politics-Mahendra Kumar.
21. International Relations- U Sharma.
22. Introduction to World Politics- Dr. S C Singhal.
23. Theory of International Relations- A Vandana.
24. International Organizations: Structures and Process- B N Maheshwari.
25. International Relations and Politics- J C Johari.

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