

ಮೈಸೂರು ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ
UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE

Manasagangothri, Mysuru-570 006

UNIVERSITY HAND BOOK



The Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC)

University of Mysore

Manasagangothri, Mysuru-570006



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Compiled by Prof. C. Naganna

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NOTHING IS COMPARABLE
TO KNOWLEDGE



The university Emblem is adapted from the royal emblem of the erstwhile Mysore State. It depicts the bird Gandabherunda flanked on either side by the lion-elephant, Sharabha (a mythical creature believed to be stronger than the lion and the elephant and upholder of righteousness) surmounted by a lion. The emblem also contains the axiom "Satyamevoddharmam", meaning: "I always uphold the truth".



Rajarshi Nalwadi
Krishnaraja Wodiyar
The Founder



Bharatha Ratna
Sir. M. Vishveshvaraya
The Dewan

Thank you!!!

Prof. G. Hemantha Kumar
Vice-Chancellor

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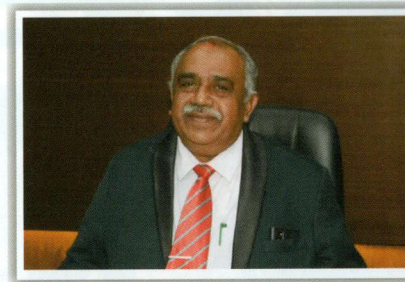


Bhatara Rana
Sri M. V. Jayaramaya
The Dewan



Kishoreji Kalyani
Krishnaraja Wodeyar
The Founder

MESSAGE FROM THE VICE CHANCELLOR



It is such a delight to greet you all before you pay your attention to read through the following pages which give you bird's eye view of our hallowed University's journey during the past 105 years. Our University has always believed in promoting knowledge, skill, wisdom and understanding. Our founding fathers have been great visionaries that their all-encompassing and all-inclusive approach to life and learning has brought about a total transformation in our region. That is why we have been able to set a benchmark in the domain of education.

As the twenty-fifth Vice Chancellor of our great University I have enlisted the support of my colleagues - both teaching and non-teaching to draw the chariot forward so that we do justice to the endeavours of our elders who have worked against odds and unfavourable circumstances. We remember with gratitude all their efforts and because of which our path is made easy. The following pages have recorded the academic ambience, the facilities available, the vital connections between the faculty members and the student community, our achievements and accolades. So without repeating, I am inviting you to need further that you may form your own idea of this revered Temple of Learning.

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Thank you all.



Aerial view of Manasagangothri

ABOUT THE UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE

The University of Mysore is the sixth oldest University in the country, established in 1916. The University derives its two mottos from the Bhagavad Gita. The first one is "Na hi jnanena sadrśam" (Nothing Equals Knowledge) and "Satyamevo ddharamyaham" (I Will Always Uphold the Truth). In tune with this lofty ideal, the University has forged ahead with its intellectual pursuits and has achieved great heights in arts, literature, philosophy, science, mathematics, history and the fine arts.

The University was founded as a result of efforts of the benevolent and visionary Maharaja of erstwhile Princely State of Mysore, His Highness Sri Nalwadi Krishnaraja Wadiyar (1884-1940) and the then Divan Sir M. Visvesvaraya (1860-1962). The territorial jurisdiction of the University is now confined to the fourth Southern Districts of Karnataka State viz; Chamarajanagara, Hassan, Mandya and Mysuru.

During the course of development of several districts, four Universities were formed out of the jurisdiction of the University of Mysore; they are: Bangalore[1964], Mangalore[1980], Kuvempu[1987] and Karnataka State Open University[1996].

Great scholars like Dr. S. Radhakrishnan served as Professor of Philosophy of the University between 1918 and 1921. The

academicians who were part of the galaxy were K.T. Shah, A.R. Wadia, M. Hiriyanna, R.K.Mukherjee, J.C. Rollow, M.V. Gopalswamy, Poet-laureate Kuvempu and Padmabhushana Dr. C.D. Narasimhaiah.

Three Bharatha Ratna Awardees: Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, Sir M. Visvesvaraya and Professor C.N.R. Rao have made the University proud. Poet-laureate Kuvempu and Dr. U.R. Ananthamurthy have won the Jnanapitha Award. Pandit Rajeev Taranath, K.V. Subbanna, R.K. Narayan and R.K. Laxman have achieved distinction in the domains of literature, music and theatre.

Such luminaries as Dr. Anne Besant, Sir P.C. Ray, Sir Jagadish Chandra Bose, Sir C.V. Raman, Pandit Amarnath Jha, Sir Bartram Stevens, Sir Lakshmana Swamy Mudaliyar, Professor John Kenneth Galbraith, D.S. Kothari, Dr. Zakir Hussain and Jayaprakash Narayan have delivered the annual Convocation addresses.

The elevated status of the University is because of the fact that great personalities such as Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, C. Rajagopalachari, Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, His Highness Jayachamaraja Wadiyar, Dr. S. Chandrashekhar and Dr. Manmohan Singh have accepted and received honorary doctorate from the University.



The University celebrated its Golden Jubilee in 1966, Platinum Jubilee in 1991 and Centenary in 2016. These milestones have not only recorded the mere age of the University but have provided adequate justification for achieving tangible progress in the intellectual realm.

Education is kindling of a flame, and not filling of a vessel, so said Socrates. Keeping this dictum in focus the University has strived hard to realise that learning alone brings about total change in the society. Any institution is organized energy that perpetuates an impulse through time. The first phase of the University (1916-1941) was marked by the guidance of stalwarts which lasted for a quarter of a century. The second phase lasted for two decades, that is, from 1941 to 1960. It witnessed quantitative growth, we can say. The third phase of the University lasted for nearly three decades (1960 to 1990). It was in this phase that the University Grants Commission (U.G.C.) was formed and it took note of the demand in the teaching and research area and started extending the required help and assistance. The University of Mysore has been a recipient of generous funds from the U.G.C. for its growth and development during this phase.

The fourth phase includes the present where we are a witness to the accumulation of the gains of one full century. The University is attempting to keep pace with the global trends, which can be classified as: creative, competitive and possessive. Creativity is the important aspect of the age. Competitive trend is forcing the University to enter into the race to win the game. The possessive trend shows the emphasis on intellectual property rights. The University Scientists have displayed exemplary magnanimity in sharing their knowledge with the rest of the world without monopolizing their discoveries.

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University Hand Book

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Kukkarahalli lake - the pride of university of Mysore

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PG Centres Hassan

PG Centres Mandya

The University has 52 Postgraduate Departments on Main Campus, Manasagangotri, three Postgraduate Centres at Mandya, Hassan and Chamarajanagara. Together, they provide higher education to about 1,30,000 students, of which over 10,000 are Postgraduate students (including postgraduate students studying in affiliated colleges). The University has a separate cell for counseling foreign nationals, a Career Guidance Bureau and Placement Cell. About 1700 students from 57 countries are pursuing higher studies in our University.

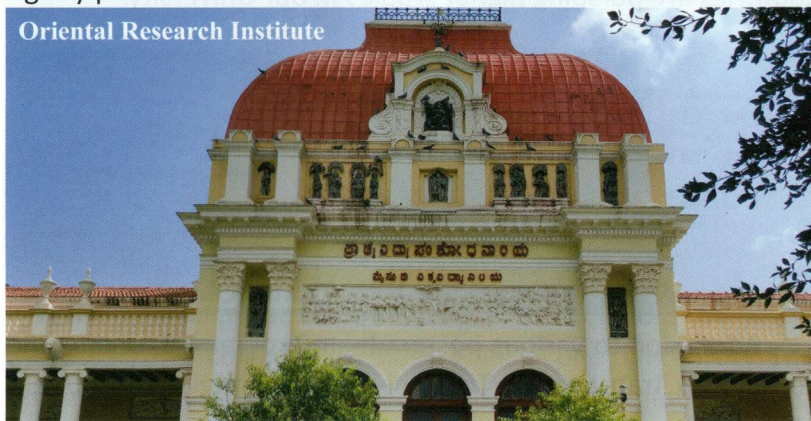


PG Centre Chamarajanagar

Admission to various postgraduate programs is online and completely transparent. The University maintains 21 student

hostels, and it spends more than one crore per annum for providing facilities to students from underprivileged sections of the society. The University conducts examinations and announces the results on time. Numerous Gold Medals and Prizes have been instituted to recognize and reward the deserving students.

As a part of disseminating knowledge to society, the University created a Publication Division called Prasaranga, which has published over 2800 books on topics ranging from philosophy to science. The beginning of the Publication Division is steeped in history. Way back in 1930, Prof. J.C. Rollo of the University of Mysore addressed the Vice Chancellors of various Universities at Oxford and shared with them the “Mysore Experiment” underlining the significance of the “Extension Lectures”, which took the Knowledge to the door steps of the common people. This triggered the imagination of the academicians and they promised to replicate the experiment in their respective universities. Within the Karnataka, the Publication Division of the Mysore University has provided a model to the rest of universities. The great Poet-laureate Kuvempu placed Prasaranga above the two other wings, namely, Teaching Wing and Research Wing, for he believed that books are the fountains of Knowledge and the Publication Division is rightly placed at the Centre of our academic activities.



Oriental Research Institute

The Oriental Research Institute (O.R.I.) is a treasure house for ancient palm leaf scripts and rare manuscripts. The original version of Kautilya's Arthashastra is safeguarded here, besides many other volumes of great importance. The Institute is a reminder that the pursuit of new knowledge should always be buttressed by ancient learning for balanced approach to life.

The University Library is a cynosure as far as books of various faculties are concerned. Highly dedicated Staff maintains the books with religious fervour as some of the volumes have been handed down from colonial times. Keeping pace with the changing times, the library has books dealing with current trends in the domain of Knowledge, besides internet facilities to access books from several other libraries, spread across the State and the Country. The present Vice Chancellor Prof. G. Hemantha Kumar, has extended full support to modernise the library in both infrastructure and acquisition of books that are needed to enhance the horizon of Knowledge.

The University's linkage with many reputed institutions in India and abroad has nurtured multidisciplinary research. The postgraduate campuses are networked with Wi-Fi facility and CCTV surveillance.

The unique facilities available on the University Campus include UGC's Certified Centre for career-oriented programs on Information Science and Technology, Postgraduate Departments with UGC/SAP/DRS innovative programs, and DST-FIST supported departments. The University considers various aspects to achieve overall development and to set high Water mark of achievement in the realm of learning.

Curricular Aspects

Five faculties namely, Arts, Commerce, Education, Law and Science and Technology take care of the development of human

consciousness to a higher order. All programs are under the CBCS pattern. Keeping in view the UGC mandate on academic flexibility, some select departments on campus offer programs under the Flexible CBCS pattern. It provides greater academic autonomy to teachers and students. This Scheme helps in assessing the performance of the students on a continuous basis instead of term-end examinations.

Research, Innovations and Extension

The University has evolved a long-term policy and created a conducive ecosystem to encourage high-quality research leading to innovations. This process has progressed in a step-by-step manner to establish institutions, develop linkages and form a network of national and international institutions. One of the most significant steps is establishing the University Career Hub (U.C.H.), promoting skill development, entrepreneurship development, and innovative and incubation activities.

Infrastructure and Learning Resources

The University of Mysore has its PG Campuses at Mysore, Mandya, Hassan and Chamarajanagara. It is spread across four districts, with the Manasagangotri as the Main Campus. The University has 1Gbps bandwidth Internet Connectivity through National Knowledge Network (NKN) for the main campus and 150 Mbps bandwidth Internet Connectivity to all PG centers. Every faculty member has been provided with a laptop. The Campus has a well equipped Multi-Media Centre which caters to the requirements of all Post Graduate Centres.

Student Support and Progression

The University has a student-centric institutional arrangement to foster student-teacher relationship. The Directorate of Students Welfare and IQAC address students'

grievances, support academic, hostel and co-curricular activities. It has special Centres which support SC/ST/OBC students. The University provides fellowships to deserving researchers among SC/ST, OBC students and government fee-waiver schemes are implemented.

The University of Mysore Alumni Association (UMAA) is a registered body. It promotes alumni relationships, foster student-alumni interactions. UMAA organises Seminars, Conferences, Workshops, and Popular Lectures for the benefit of students, staff, and public. UMAA encourages alumni participation via donations, sponsorships, mentoring, internships, placement, and holding alumni reunions, forming national and international collaborations.

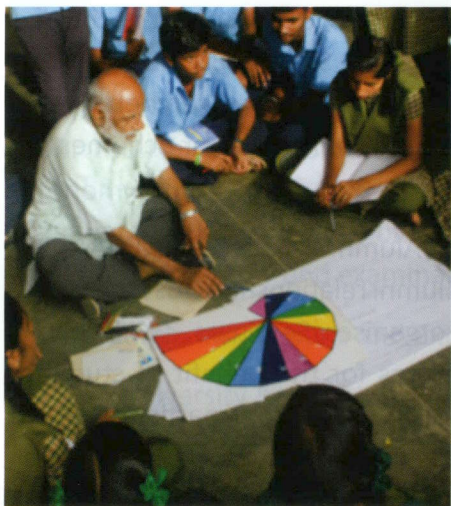
Governance, Leadership and Management

The University of Mysore has evolved a governance mechanism with the spirit of team-building and Knowledge-sharing through outreach, collaboration, student-exchange programs and networking with Knowledge societies and higher institutions across the globe. The University's academic leadership is evidenced in the its various activities such as holding Noble Laureate Lecture Series, Indian National Science Congress, Indian National Social Science Congress, Lecture series by International Faculty, and STEM FEST. These have created an environment of stimulating intellectual dialogue across disciplines and harvesting Knowledge.

Institutional Values and Best Practices

1. Promotion of Science Education in Schools

The University has initiated an innovative program to improve enrollment in field of science in higher education. This program is for Institution-Community linkage through which University



teachers connect with schools to teach science at school level, which creates an environment where the students are given opportunities to gain hands-on experience and experiment-based learning. This program has created a pool of resource persons consisting of the faculty members of

the University's science departments, retired teachers, faculty from affiliated colleges, and scientists. This program acts as an inspiration for students and school teachers, making them pursue science education and career, leading to research and innovation in their future endeavours.

2. Preservation of Eco-heritage Structures and Royal Legacy on Campus



Jayalakshmi vilas mansion

All the heritage structures in University are safeguarded by legal documentation and physical protection. The Oriental Research Institute and the Jayalakshmi Vilas Mansion are

restored with philanthropists' financial support. Restoration of other heritage buildings is undertaken from time to time. The Kukkarahalli Lake supports the ecosystem of campus throughout the year. The Sabarmati Ashram is replicated at the Gandhi Bhavan, which invokes the University's eco-heritage significance.

The University has set up centre called "Drushti" for the visually-challenged to enhance their skills and employability. The University has also adopted villages in Chamarajanagara district under "Unnat Bharat Abhiyan" and SMART VILLAGE programs.

Under its ambit, several institutions have been recognised as research centres for conducting degree/diploma/ research programs of the University of Mysore. The University has been offering a few twinning programs in association with overseas Universities.

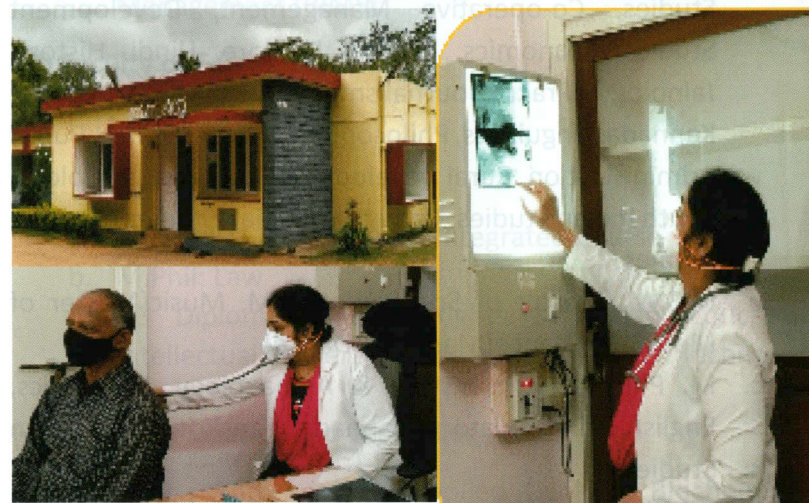
OUR STRENGTHS

The first University in the Princely state and sixth University in India. Mother of four Universities, known for glorious, history, heritage, culture and quality in higher education.

- Third time accredited with score of 3.47 on a 4-point scale and A-grade.
- 19th Rank in NIRF Ranking, the best among state universities in Karnataka
- An overall H-Index (Web of Science) for published research: 42 with 3,609 publications since 1986. The H-Index of more than 25 faculties is greater than 10.
- Excellent IT infrastructure on the campus.
- Received grants under different prestigious Government of India schemes viz.,
 - Institution of Excellence (IOE) project - Rs.100 crores.
 - University with Potential for Excellence (UPE) project - Rs.50 crores.

- Centre of Potential for Excellence in a Particular Area (CPEPA) Rs.4.73 crores.
- PURSE (Promotion of University Research and Scientific Excellence) Scheme Rs.9 crores.
- 13 UGC/SAP departments and 4 DST-FIST supported departments.
- 54 Postgraduate departments, two Postgraduate Centres, one Satellite Centre, four Constantituent Colleges, 202 Affiliated Colleges, 49 Recognized Research Centers and 38 Outreach Centres spread over different parts of the country and abroad.
- Offering 75 Postgraduate Courses of diversified nature; many postgraduate diplomas, diplomas and certificate courses in different areas and doctoral degrees in all disciplines.
- As many as 5500 students in postgraduate and research programs in the University Campuses.
- The main campus located in Manasagangotri, Mysore is spread over 739 acres of picturesque land containing a beautiful water body, Kukkarahalli Lake, surrounded by verdurous trees extending to an area of 261 acres.
- Adequate infrastructure containing 6.5 lakh documents, access to more than 7000 e-journals and also has career resource centre; provides access to online catalogue.
- National research facility in 11 postgraduate departments, MoU with many national, international research institutions and universities for academic exchange program.
- Centres / Facilities: International Centre, Educational Multimedia Research Centre (EMRC), Centre for Information and Technology (CIST), University School of Design, International School of Information Management (ISiM), Centre for Proficiency Development and Placement Service (CPDPS).

- A well-equipped separate international hostel for foreign students.
- Has vast sports fields, cricket stadium, tennis courts, gymnasia and a swimming pool maintained by a separate directorate.
- Has two well-equipped primary health centres.



Health Centre, University of Mysore

Courses Offered

(1) Courses offered at Manasagangotri, Mysore

(i) Faculty of Arts

- a. M.A: Ancient History & Archaeology, Anthropology, Christianity, Comparative Literature & Translation Studies, Co-operative Management, Development Studies, Economics, English, Folklore, Hindi, History, Jainology & Prakrit, Journalism and Mass Communication, Kannada, Linguistics, Philosophy, Political Science, Public Administration, Rural Development, Sanskrit, Sociology, South Indian Studies, Urdu, West Asian Studies, Women Studies.
- b. M.S.W. (Master of Social Work), M. Music (Master of Music), M. Dance (Master of Dance)
- c. M. Phil: Ancient History & Archaeology, Economics, English, Hindi, History, Kannada, Sanskrit, West Asian Studies.
- d. PG Diploma: Heritage Tourism and Travel Management (at DOS in History), Museology, Tourism & Heritage (at DOS in Ancient History & Archaeology), Translation (Hindi-English-Hindi), Video Production (at DOS in Communication and Journalism).
- e. Diploma: Arabic/Persian & Urdu, Co-operative Management, Decentralisation of Planning & Panchayat Raj Institution, Human Development, Industrial Relation, Music, Rural Reconstruction & Development.
- f. Junior /Senior Diploma: French, German, Russian.
- g. Certificate: Arabic, Persian.

(ii) Faculty of Commerce

- a. M.B.A., M.B.A. (Agri-Business Management), MBI Tech., M.Com, M.F.M. (Master of Financial Management)

- b. M.Phil: Commerce
- c. PG Diploma: Human Resource Management, Marketing Management, Retail Supply & Chain Management (All are evening courses at Bahadur Institute of Management Studies, BIMS)
- d. Professional Diploma: Tourism Management, Tax Management (BIMS)

(iii) Faculty of Education

- (a) M.Ed.

(iv) Faculty of Law

- a. L.L.M., B.A. L.L.B 5 - Year Integrated Course
- b. M.Phil: Law
- c. PG Diploma: Human Rights & Duties, Education, Intellectual Property Rights and Information Technology Law.

(v) Faculty of Science and Technology

- a. M.Sc.: Anthropology, Applied Geology, Biochemistry, Biotechnology, Botany, Chemistry, Earth Science & Resource Management, Electronic Media, Environmental Science, Food Science & Nutrition, Genetics, Geography, Geology, Human Development, Mathematics, Microbiology, Organic Chemistry, Physics, Psychology, Sericulture and Seri- Biotechnology, Statistics, Zoology.
- b. M.tech: Computer Cognition Technology, Computer Science & Technology, Information System and Management ISiM, Urban and Regional Planning.
- c. M.C.A. (Master of Computer Applications)
- d. M.L.I.Sc. (Master of Library and Information Science)
- e. M.Sc. Tech in Computer Science with an optional exit at the end of the fourth semester with M.Sc. in Computer Science degree.

- f. M.Tech in Material Science at UPE, Vijnana Bhavan, Manasagangotri, Mysore.
- g. M.Phil.: Botany, Environmental Science, Geography, Library and Information Science, Zoology.
- h. PG Diploma: Counselling and Health Psychology, Electronic Media, Food Quality and Safety, Gemmology & Ornamental Stones (Geology).

(2) At Maharaja's College, Mysore

- (i) Faculty of Science and Technology
 - a. M.Sc.: Criminology and Forensic Science, Geographical Information System (GIS).
 - b. M.Phil: Correctional Administration, Forensic Science.
 - c. PG Diploma: Criminology and Correctional Administration.

(3) At Maharaja's Sports Pavilion, Mysore

- (i) Faculty of Education
 - (a) B. P. Ed., M. P. Ed.

(4) At the University Evening College, Mysore

- (i) Faculty of Arts
 - (a) M.A.: History

(5) At Sir M. V. Post Graduate Centre, Mandya

- (i) Faculty of Arts
 - (a) M.A.: Economics, English, Kannada
 - (b) M.Phil.: Economics, Kannada
- (ii) Faculty of Science & Technology
 - (a) M.Sc.: Chemistry, Polymer Science, Sugar Technology

(6) At Post Graduate Centre, Hassan

- (i) Faculty of Arts
 - (a) M.A.: English, Kannada

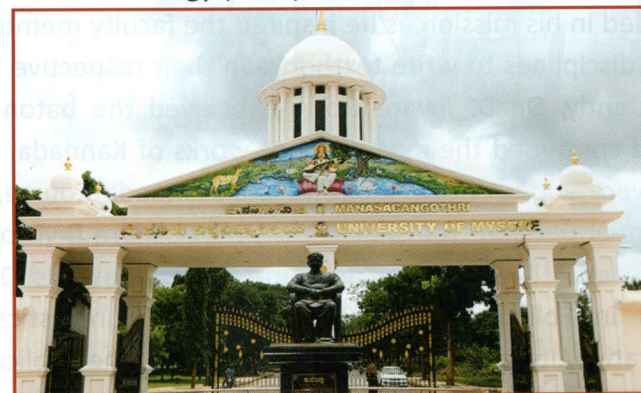
- (b) M.Phil.: Kannada
- (ii) Faculty of Commerce
 - (a) M.Com
- (iii) Faculty of Science & Technology
 - (a) M.Sc.: Bio Science, Electronics

(7) At the University Satellite Centre, Chamarajanagara

- (i) Faculty of Arts
 - (a) M.A.: Communication and Journalism, Economics, English
 - (b) M.S.W.
- (ii) Faculty of Commerce
 - (a) M.B.A, M.Com.

(8) At CIST, Manasagangotri, Mysore

- (i) Faculty of Science & Technology
 - a. M.S: Animation
 - b. P G Diploma: Animation, Bio-Informatics(PGDBIO), e-Commerce(PGD-E.Com), Geo-Informatics(PFDGIS), Multi-Media Technology (PGDMT), Publication Design, Software Development.
 - c. Diploma: Hardware & Networking, Multi-Media Production (DMB), Advanced Diploma in Information Technology (ADIT).





KUVEMPU INSTITUTE OF KANNADA STUDIES

The Kuvempu Institute of Kannada Studies was one of the first institutes to be established in the new campus of Manasagangotri. Kuvempu was the Vice Chancellor between 1956 and 1960. Being a Poet-laureate he had a broad vision to strive for the all-round development of Kannada language which has an unbroken history of more than a thousand five hundred years. He took a strong initiative to make Kannada, the medium of instruction, at the postgraduate level. He largely succeeded in his mission as he inspired the faculty members of various disciplines to write textbooks in their respective fields. Subsequently, Dr. D. Javare Gowda received the baton from him and continued the development works of Kannada. Many wings were added to the main M.A. in Kannada Course, such as, Editorial Division, Translation Division, Folklore Division and Encyclopaedia Division. The Institute offers Master's Degree Courses in Folklore, South Indian Studies, Linguistics and Comparative Literature and Translation Studies. The Publications

of the Institute have crossed 700 on different subjects. The 14-volume Encyclopaedia and the Epigraphia Karnatika brought out in 13-volumes by the Institute have won many laurels and credits in various assessments. The Institute's library has a rare collection of works dating from 19th century, besides a precious collection of Manuscripts and together they have been serving the needs of scholars from far and wide.

FOLKLORE MUSEUM

The University Folklore Museum at Jayalakshmi Vilas Mansion, Manasagangotri, is considered one of the best of its kind in Asia. It has a precious collection of artifacts, handicrafts, and indigenously made art forms from different parts of the state of Karnataka. Rich diversity of rural Karnataka is reflected in the tools and implements collected from various quarters of the State provide an insight into the civilizational amplitude of Karnataka. A visit to the Museum is an enriching experience.



Collections of art and crafts, Folklore Museum, Mysore

AUDITORIA



Open air auditorium & cultural function

The University appears to be a conglomeration of auditoria as they were added from time to time necessitated by diverse academic and cultural programs. Besides an open air amphitheatre with a 3,000 seating capacity, the University of Mysore, has 14 more well-equipped auditoria for organizing the said activities. These are located at the Senate Bhavan Complex, Maharaja's College, the University College of Fine Arts, Bahadur Institute of Management Sciences, Education Multi-Media Centre, and Department of Studies in Physics. Moreover, almost all departments have modernized Seminar halls.

MYSORE UNIVERSITY LIBRARY

The University Library anywhere is expected to be the soul of that university; because all academic and research explorations derive their sustenance and inspiration from the library. A Library is a confluence of great minds of the past and the present. It is an unflinching reminder that all our academic endeavours are directed in favour of achieving human progress

and welfare. Therefore, the University Library located at the Manasagangotri campus has a resource collection of more than 5,50,000 books, 1000 bound volumes of journals and many rare documents. With 450 seating capacity, the library is also home to precious archival and rare reference materials. Seamless access to 5,000 full text online journals subscribed by the University is available through UGC-INFLIBNET and JSTOR on all days. The way the students, especially, the first generation students take to using the library is most heartening as it reflects their genuine hunger for knowledge. Thus, the University Library is catering to the needs of the students, faculty and research scholars, to promote knowledge which is the bedrock of sensitive society.



CENTRE FOR COMPUTER SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (CCIST)

The CCIST is playing its role realizing the importance of Information Science at the present time when new frontiers are made visible because of this new science which has encompassed all areas of human transaction. Thus the Centre offers a wide variety of postgraduate diploma and certificate



programs in different fields of information technology. The primary objective of the Centre is to provide computer knowledge and training with hands-on experience for an alternate career path in the field of IT. The Centre also offers Master's degree program in Animation.

SPORTS

Sports is an integral part of education. The good old dictum, "A Sound Mind in a Sound Body" has percolated down the centuries and has reached us with renewed vigour. The University Sports Wing is striving hard to translate this philosophy into action by training the aspirants through its academic courses and by expecting the Physical Education Graduates and Postgraduates to take the message to the larger society. The University has excellent facilities for promoting and nurturing Sports talent. The University's sports men and women have brought laurels at both regional and national sports events. The indoor and outdoor stadiums have been well-equipped to facilitate abundant training for the young sports persons who are also the students. The University has a standard swimming pool, a gymnasium and a cinder track.



ORIENTAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE

Established in the year 1891 by the then ruler of Mysore, His Highness Sri Chamaraja Wadiyar, the Oriental Research Institute has a rare collection of 35,000 palm-leaf bundles and paper manuscripts which is considered equivalent to 75,000-80,000 Sanskrit works. Koutilya's Arthashastra, written in 4th century B.C., was discovered, edited and published by this Institute and the scholar who found this rare treasure was Shamashastry of this Institute. The nine-volume Encyclopaedia in Sanskrit, Sritattvanidhi, compiled in 19th century by the Mysore Maharaja Krishnaraja Wadiyar III, is among the prized possession of this Institute.



PRASARANGA (PUBLICATION DIVISION)

The Publication Division of the University established in 1933, with an intention to reach the unreached has been playing a pioneering role in dissemination of Knowledge through its publications and Extension Lecture Series. Credited with more than 2,500 titles, Prasaranga has produced a number of treatises such as English-Kannada Dictionary in 4-volumes and Kannada University Hand Book



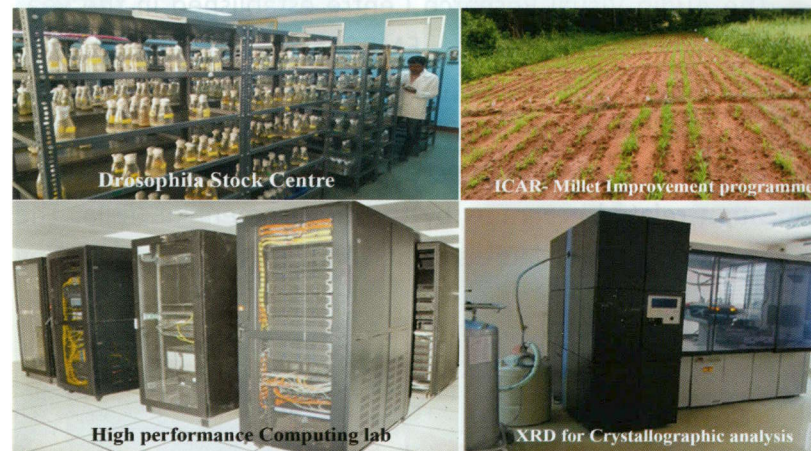
Grantha Suchi in 8-volumes. It also publishes five subject journals viz., “Prabuddha Karnataka”, “Vijnana Karnataka”, “Manavika Karnataka” (All in Kannada), “MyScience” and “MySociety”, dedicated to Science and Humanities. A large collection of our publications are made available to readers across the state and the country at a subsidised rate through Exhibition-cum-sale. Mention must be made of ‘Extension Lecture Series’ booklets as they have been in great demand since they deal with various subjects succinctly and the lecturers have paid extraordinary attention to style and presentation of their topics. These booklets undergo many reprints and the readers ask for more.

NATIONAL FACILITIES

NATIONAL SINGLE CRYSTAL DIFFRACTOMETER FACILITY

In the year 1995, the Department of Science of Technology (DST), set up National Single Crystal Diffractometer facility at the Department of Studies in Physics. The facility caters to the XRD data needs of Crystallographers in the country. In the year 2000, DST founded the setting up of an image plate system. The facility is now well-equipped to cater to the needs of the Crystallographic community in India.

NATIONAL FACILITIES



DROSOPHILLA STOCK CENTRE

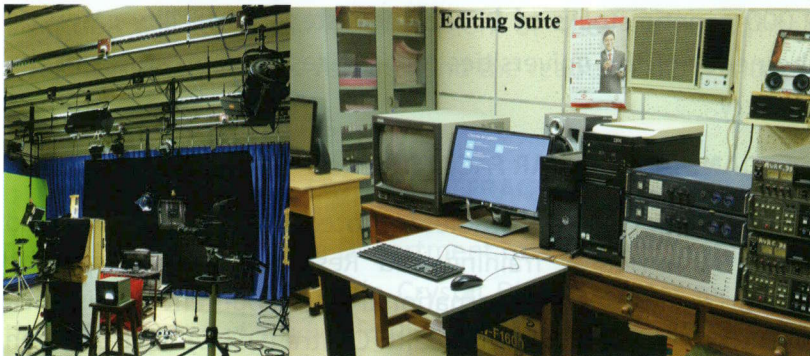
The Department of Biotechnology, Government of India recognised the potential of the Department of Zoology and awarded a grant for the establishment of a national facility for genetic stocks of Drosophila. The Centre has received over 2,000 genetic stocks of D. Melanogaster. The facility caters to the needs of the universities and the research institutes in the country.

DANDIA, DBT/ICAR FACILITIES

The Department of Studies in Biotechnology has established Asian Seed Health Training and Research Centre with the support of Danish International Development Assistance (DANIDA) and Danish Seed Health Centre (DSHC) to strengthen regional cooperation among Asian Countries in the area of seed health training and research. The Department of Biotechnology, Government of India, supports the M.Sc., Biotechnology course in the Department under the HRD Program. The Indian Council of Agricultural Research has established field screening facility for Downy Mildew resistance in pearl millet.

EDUCATIONAL MULTI MEDIA RESEARCH CENTRE

The Audio Visual Research Centre established in the year 1996 has been rechristened as EMRC. It is the only institution of its kind set up by the University Grants Commission in the state of Karnataka. The EMRC broadcasts educational programs on EDUSAT, a satellite launched exclusively for transmission of education related programs by the Government of India. The Centre has won many laurels for its innovative programs during its twenty-five years journey.



GANDHI BHAVAN

One of the first Gandhi Bhavans to be established in India, way back in 1965, the University's Gandhi Bhavan has a long history of association with Gandhian and institutions committed to promoting Gandhian Philosophy. The Gandhi Bhavan has a

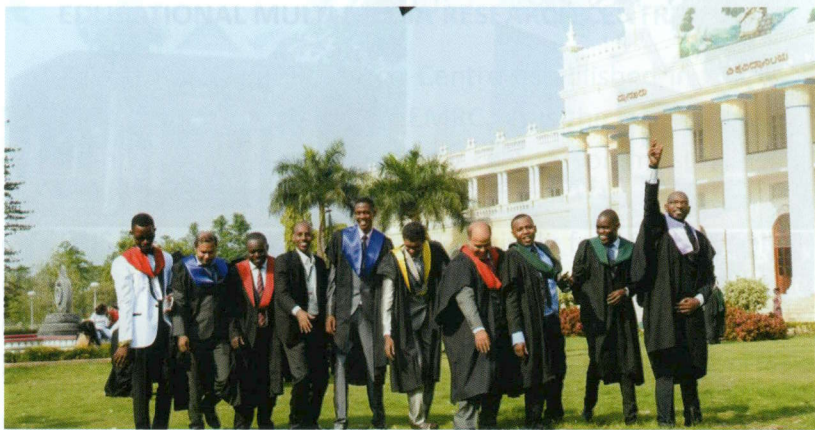


Gandhi Bhavn in Pictures

rich collection of books dating back to the Pre-Independence period and has established a Gandhi Museum to preserve the archival belonging to Gandhian era and other documents throwing light on Gandhiji's work and life. A replica of Sabarmati Ashram established in the Bhavan Complex is the cynosure of all eyes. Gandhi Bhavan also offers an M.A. Course in Peace and Conflict Resolution. Many programs and workshops are organized all through the year; but October 2nd and January 30th happen to be two occasions where special lectures are arranged to remember with gratitude the great role played by Mahatma Gandhiji in obtaining Independence to the nation and also for making people realize the lasting value of peace and non-violence.

INTERNATIONAL CENTRE

The International Centre was established in the year 1998 as an independent unit by the University of Mysore to promote a global perspective in the teaching, research and outreach programs of the University. The Centre works in close collaboration with the postgraduate departments and

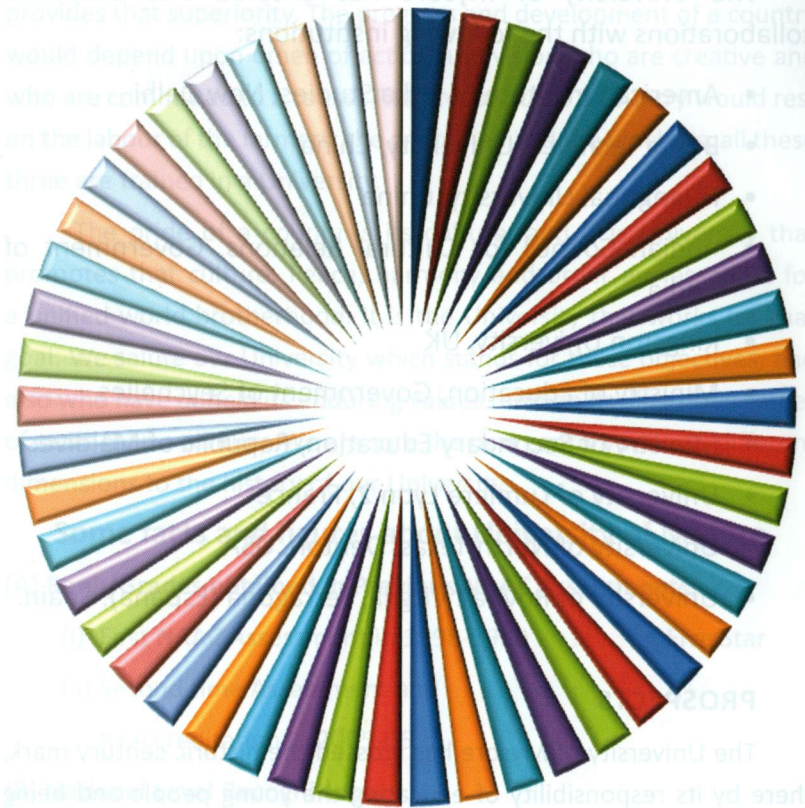


colleges affiliated to the University of Mysore and also other academic and research institutions, which have linkages with the University. The University of Mysore has envisioned the International Centre as a single window that would co-ordinate all the International affairs of the University.

The University of Mysore has emerged as a universally acclaimed educational hub in recent times and its International student strength has been steadily rising. Home to 1600 international students drawn from 57 countries across the world, the University's academic image and an ambience that is perfect to the reckoning for the pursuit of knowledge have made it a sought after educational destination.

The International Centre is committed to providing appropriate support services to international faculty and students in such matters as eligibility assessment, admission, obtaining relevant visas and residential permit, student placements, establishing linkages with suitable institutions and helping freshers to connect with fellow citizens. The Centre functions as a liaison between students, academic institutions, faculty, university offices, Diplomatic Missions, Government Departments, Police and other law enforcing agencies.

Students Admitted from Foreign Countries



- | | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| ■ Afghanistan | ■ Bangladesh | ■ Burundi | ■ Cambodia | ■ Canada |
| ■ China | ■ Djibouti | ■ Entrea | ■ Ethiopia | ■ Fiji |
| ■ France | ■ Guyana | ■ Indonesia | ■ Iran | ■ Iraq |
| ■ Italy | ■ Ivory Coast | ■ Japan | ■ Jordan | ■ Kazakhstan |
| ■ Kenya | ■ Laos | ■ Malaysia | ■ Maldives | ■ Mauritius |
| ■ Mongolia | ■ Mozambique | ■ Myanmar | ■ Namibia | ■ Nepal |
| ■ Palestine | ■ Portugal | ■ Russia | ■ South Arabia | ■ Som alia |
| ■ Sri Lanka | ■ Sudan | ■ Syria | ■ Tajikistan | ■ Tanzania |
| ■ Thailand | ■ Tibet | ■ Turkmenistan | ■ USA | ■ Uganda |
| ■ Uzbekistan | ■ Vietnam | ■ Yemen | ■ Zambia | ■ Zimbabwe |

ACADEMIC COLLABORATION

The University of Mysore has entered into academic collaborations with the following institutions:

- American Institute of India Studies, New Delhi
- Berlin Technical University, China
- Huanghuai University, China
- Indian Council for Cultural Relations, Government of India
- Kingston University, UK
- Ministry of Education, Government of Seychelles
- Ministry of Secondary Education, Republic of Maldives
- University of Lumiere Lyon 2, France
- University of North Texas, Denton, USA
- University of Rovira I Virgili, Terragona (España), Spain.

PROSPECTS

The University of Mysore has crossed the historic century mark, there by its responsibility of educating the young people and being accountable to the general public has increased several folds. It has to perform now two important functions: provide a coherent picture of the Universe, and present an integrated way of life to our youth. Therefore, the obligation is physical and moral. Science probes the mystery of the universe and the macrocosm. But the most important thing is to develop the personality of an individual, who is the microcosm. Hence, the University of Mysore believes in bringing the awareness of the microcosm within the ambit of microcosm. We are oriented in the direction of solving the basic demands of life. Our youth must live harmoniously and graciously with the fellow human beings, besides earning the capacity to appreciate beauty, love nature

and everything good and great. The wealth of a nation is determined by the superior minds that nation possesses. It is the University that provides that superiority. The progress and development of a country would depend upon omen of action and vision who are creative and who are committed to a cause. The prosperity of a country would rest on the labour of the farmers, the craftsmen and the teachers, all these three are trained in a University.

The pride of a county is its culture, and it is University that promotes that culture. Peace, harmony and order are essential for a unified world brotherhood. It is the University that works for that goal. We salute our University which stands for these objectives, and also who have upheld its enduring values through its illustrious career of more than a century. We are sure the next century will add different dimensions to the history of our University.

Some facts and figures about University of Mysore

(A) Rank/Grades obtained in Previous NAAC Assessments:

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|---|-----------|
| (i) First NAAC Assessment in 1998-1999 | : | Five Star |
| (ii) Second time Assessment and
Reaccreditation in 2005-06 | : | A+ |

(B) National Level Recognitions

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| (i) Institution of Excellence | : | By Government of
India 2008-09 |
| (ii) University with Potential for
Excellence | : | By UGC in 2011 |
| (iii) Promotion of university
Research | : | By DST in 2011 |

(C) Emergence of Vice-Chancellors

Over 50 Senior Faculty members of the University of Mysore have assumed the coveted position of Vice-chancellor across the country in Central Universities, State Universities and Deemed-to-be Universities

within the state and outside. At present 12 Senior faculty members have been serving as VCs in different parts of the country.

(D) Outstanding Personalities from University of Mysore

- Dr. S. Radhakrishnan : President of India
- Prof. C.N.R. Rao : Leading Scientist & Scientific Advisor to the Government of India
- Rastra Kavi Kuvempu : Literary Luminary
- R. K. Narayan : Literary Luminary
- Prof. U.R. Ananthamurthy : Literary Luminary
- N.R. Narayana Murthy : IT Industry Giant
- Anil kumble : Cricketer
- Javagal Srinath : Cricketer

(E) Mother of four Universities

- Bangalore University : 1964
- Mangalore University : 1980
- Kuvempu University : 1987
- Karnataka State Open University : 1996

Jubilees and Celebrations	
Silver Jubilee Celebration	:1941-42
Golden Jubilee Celebration	:1966-67
Diamond Jubilee Celebration	:1976-77
Platinum Jubilee Celebration	:1991-93
Centenary Celebration	: 2016
Science Day	:Centenary Celebration - 2016
Foundation Day	27 th July
Education Day	11 th November
Teachers' Day	5 th September

LIST OF VIP'S WHO HAVE ADDRESSED THE CONVOCATION FROM 1918 TO 2010

Sl. No.	Convocation	Date	Addressed by
1.	1 st	19.10.1918	Speech by H.H. The Maharaja of Mysore Address by Sir Asutosh Mookerjee
2.	2 nd	10.10.1919	Preliminary Speech by Rajamantra Pravina H.V. Nanjundayya Address by Sir Abdur Rahim
3.	3 rd	01.11.1920	Sir Leslie Creery Miller
4.	4 th	14.10.1921	Sir Brajendranath Seal
5.	5 th	04.10.1922	Sri Munir-UI-STalim H.J. Bhabha
6.	6 th	24.10.1923	Sir P.S. Sivaswami Iyer
7.	7 th	29.10.1924	Dr. Annie Besant, D.L.
8.	8 th	14.09.1925	Rt. Hon'ble V.S. Srinivasa Sastri
9.	9 th	27.11.1926	Sir P.C. Ray
10.	10 th	03.11.1927	Sir Jagadis Chandra Bose
11.	11 th	23.08.1928	Sir C.R. Reddy
12.	12 th	24.08.1929	Sir C.V. Raman
13.	13 th		NA
14.	14 th		NA
15.	15 th		NA
16.	16 th		NA
17.	17 th		NA
18.	18 th	09.10.1935	Sir C.Y. Chintamani
19.	19 th	29.10.1936	Dr. E.P. Metcalfe
20.	20 th	06.10.1938	Rev. C.F. Andrews
21.	21 th		Information not Available
22.	22 th	25.10.1939	Sir Nripendranath Sircar
23.	23 th	14.10.1940	Pandit Amaranatha Jha
		04.10.1941	Sir Bertram Stevens
24.	24 th	13.10.1943	J.C. Ghosh

25.	25 th	30.09.1944	Rajadharmapravina Diwan Bahadur K.S. Chandrasekara Iyer
26.	26 th	29.10.1945	T. Singaravelu Mudaliar
27.	27 th	12.10.1946	Dr. Sir A. Lakshmanaswami Mudaliar
28.	28 th		No Convocation was held during the year 1947-48 and the Degrees were conferred in Absentia
29.	29 th	25.10.1948	Sir M. Visveswaraya
30.	30 th	03.11.1949	Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee
31.	30 th	02.02.1951	P.V. Rajamannar
32.	32 th	08.12.1951	A.R. Wadia, Braoda
33.	33 th	02.12.1952	Sir Ivor Jennings, Ceylon
34.	34 th	08.01.1954	Radha Kumud Mookerji
35.	35 th	09.10.1954	Sir S.V. Ramaswamy
36.	36 th	27.10.1955	M.S. Thacker
37.	37 th	10.12.1956	Shri R.R. Diwakar Governor of Bihar
38.	38 th	01.02.1958	M.C. Setalvad
39.	39 th	13.11.1958	Dr. K.S. Krishnan
40.	40 th	27.10.1959	Dr. C.V. Raman
41.	41 th	02.10.1960	Anna Rao Ganamukhi
42.	42 th	25.11.1961	Sri John Kenneth Galbraith
43.	43 th	10.12.1962	D.S. Kothari
44.	44 th	07.12.1963	Sri H.V.R. Iyenger
45.	45 th	05.12.1964	Sri Prakasa
46.	46 th	29.11.1965	Jayaprakash Narayan
47.	47 th	15.12.1966	Dr. Zakir Hussain, President of India
48.	48 th	20.01.1968	Sri Morarji Desai
49.	49 th	18.01.1969	Pdt. H.N. Kunzru
50.	50 th	27.01.1970	V.K.R.V. Rao
51.	51 th	12.12.1970	D.C. Pavate
52.	52 th	17.12.1970	Shri Siddartha Shankar Ray
53.	53 th	16.01.1972	Prof. S. Nurul Hasan
54.	54 th	13.01.1973	Dr. George Jacob

55.	55 th	20.01.1947	Dr. Raja Ramanna
56.	56 th	21.12.1974	Prof. Eric Stokes
57.	57 th	08.02.1976	H.K. Sethna, Bombay
58.	58 th	06.02.1977	Shri Ashok Mitra
59.	59 th	23.04.1978	Dr. K. Shivrama Karanth
60.	60 th	21.04.1979	Shri Neelam Sanjeeva Reddy
61.	61	17.01.1980	Prof. Y. Nayudamma
62.	62 th	07.02.1981	General K.V. Krishna Rao
63.	63 th	07.12.1981	Dr. Balram Jakhar
64.	64 th	22.01.1983	Shri R. Venkaraman
65.	65 th	03.06.1985	Sri K.C. Pant
66.	66 th	21.03.1986	Shri B. Shankarananda
67.	67 th	14.03.1987	Shri K.R. Narayanan
68.	68 th	14.03.1988	Justice E.S. Venkataramaiah
69.	69 th	13.03.1989	Smt. Margaret Alva
70.	70 th	31.01.1990	Dr. V.S. Arunachalam
71.	76 th	02.03.1991	Prof. U.R. Rao
72.	77 th	29.03.1992	Dr. Manmohan Singh
73.	73 th	07.03.1993	Prof. Eric R. Gilbertson
74.	74 th	10.02.1994	Sri Arjun Singh
75.	75 th	25.02.1995	Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam
76.	76 th	1996	Chief Justice Ahmadi
77.	77 th	1997	Dr. K. Kasturi Rangan
78.	78 th	1998	Prof. G.J.V. Jaganatha Raju
79.	79 th	1999	Prof. R.A. Mashelkar
80.	80 th	2000	Prof. V.C. Kolandaiswamyn
81.	81 st	2001	Dr. Harigatham
82.	82 nd	2001	Prof. R. Natarajan
83.	83 rd	2003	NA
84.	84 th	2004	Shri R. Chidambaram
85.	85 th	2004	Dr. Subhash C. Kashyap
86.	86 th	2006	Justice R.C. Lahoti
87.	87 th	2007	Prof. C.N.R. Rao

88.	88 th	09.02.2008	Rastrakavi G.S. Shivarudrappa
89.	89 th	07.03.2009	Prof. Sukhadev Thorat
90.	90 th	05.03.2010	Justice Dr. Raman Jois
91.	91 st	10.04.2011	Dr. T. Ramaswami
92.	92 nd	7.4.2012	Dr. D. Purandeswari
93.	93 rd	5.7.2013	Dr. M.M. Pallam Raju
94.	94 th	22.3.2014	Dr. Sam Pitroda
95.	95 th	17.4.2015	Prof. Goverdhan Mehta
96.	96 th	11.4.2016	Dr. N.R. Narayana Murthy
97.	97 th	13.12.2016	Nobel Laurate HH 14th Dalai Lama
98.	98 th	2.03.2018	Justice N. Satosh Hegde
99.	99 th	17.03.2019	Dr. Anil D. Sahasrabudhe
100.	100 th	19.10.2020	Sri Narendra Modi ji Hon'ble Prime Minister
101.	101 st	07.09.2021	Dr. Shekhar C. Mande

**LIST OF PERSONS WHO WERE AWARDED HONORARY
DEGREE BY THE UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE FROM 1927-2010.**

Sl. No.	NAME OF THE RECIPIENT	YEAR	DEGREE
1	H.T. The Right Hon. Edward Frederic Lindley-Irwin of Kirby Underdale, P.C., G.M.S.I, BMIE., Viceroy and Governor-General of India	1927	D.Sc.
2	Rajasabhabhushana Diwan Bahadur Sir K.P. Puttanna Chetty K.T., C.I.E., Retd, Member of the Council	1935	LL.D.
3	Rajasabhabhushana Diwan Bahadur Dr. Sökkottai Krishnaswamy Iyengar	1945	D.Litt
4	Janab Moulana Abul Kalam Azad, Union Minister for Education, Government of India	1947	D. Litt.
5	Sir. M. Visveswaraya	1948	LL.D.
6	Sir. Mirza Ismail	1948	LL.D.
7	H.E. Shri C. Rajagopalachari, Governor General of India	1949	LL,D.

8	Pandit Shri Jawaharlal Nehru Prime Minister of India	1950	LL.D.
9	Dr. Rajendra Prasad President of India	1951	LL.D.
10	Shri K.V. Puttappa Principal, Maharaja's College, Mysore	1956	D.Litt
11	Prof. M.S. Thacker, Director, Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, New Delhi	1956	D.Sc.
12	Padmasri. M.C. Modi Eye Specialist	1957	D.Sc.
13	Shri V.K. Krishna Menon, Minister for Defense, Government of India	1958	D.Litt.
14	Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, Vice-President, India Republic	1959	D.Litt
15	Dr. C.V. Raman	1959	D.Litt
16	Sir. C.P. Ramaswami Aiyar	1960	LL.D.
17	Sir. A. Ramaswami Mudaliar	1960	LL.D
18	Dr. A. Lakshmanaswami Mudalier	1960	LL.D
19	Prof. A.R. Wadia	1960	D.Litt.
20	Shri P. Venkataramana Rao Retired Chief Justice, Mysore	1960	LL.D
21	Shri. M. Madhava Rao Retired Dewan of Mysore	1960	LL.D
22	Shri. K.C. Reddy Minister, Government of India	1960	LL.D
23	Prof. A.R. Krishna Sastry Retired Professor	1960	D.Litt.
24	Prof. John Kenneth Galbraith U.S. Ambassador in India	1961	D.Litt.
25	Shri. D.V. Gundappa	1961	D.Litt.
26	Shri. M.A. Shustery	1961	D.Litt.
27	Prof. Humayun Kabir Minister, Government of India	1961	D.Litt.

80	Dr. G.S. Shivarudrappa	2004	D.Litt.
81	Dr. R.K. Laxman	2004	D.Litt.
82	Dr. H.Y. Sharada Prasad Former Press Secretary to Prime Minister of India	2004	D.Litt.
83	Dr. R. Chidambaram Principal Scientific Advisor DAE Homi Bhabha Professor, BARC, MUMBAI	2004	D.Sc.
84	Dr. T.S. Satyan Famous Photographer, MYSORE	2004	D.Litt.
85	Dr. H.S. Krishna Swamy Iyengar Noted Columnist, MYSORE	2004	D.Litt.
86	Dr. G. Madhavan Nair Chairman, ISRO, Bangalore	2006	D.Sc.
87	Dr. M.Y. Ghorpade Former RDPR minister, Government of Karnataka	2006	D.Litt.
88	Dr. Lakshmidevi Kadidal (Mallika) W/o Late Shri Kadidhal Manjap- pa Former Chief Minister of Karnataka	2006	D.Litt.
89	Dr. Anil Kakodkar Chairman, Atomic Energy Commission, Mumbai	2007	D.Sc.
90	Dr. Kasturirangan Former Chairman, ISRO, Bangalore	2007	D.Sc.
91	Sir William T. Sergeant	2007	LL.D.
92	Sri. B.N. Bahadur Entrepreneur, USA and Aluminus of My- sore University	2007	LL.D.
93	Dr. M.S. Swaminathan	2008	D.Sc.
94	Prof. B. Balaram	2008	D.Sc.
95	Dr. M. Balamuralikrishna	2008	D.Sc.
96	Prof. L. Basavaraju	2008	D.Litt.
97	Sri. Justice K.G. Balakrishnan	2009	LL.D.
98	Prof. B. Sheik Ali	2009	D.Litt.

99	Prof. G.K. Chadha	2009	D.Litt.
100	Smt. S. Janaki	2009	D.Litt.
101	Dr. R.K. Sinha	2009	D.Sc.
102	Smt. Meira Kumar	2010	LL.D.
103	Prof. Goverdhan Mehta	2010	D.Sc.
104	Prof. Sukhadeo Thorat	2010	D.Ed.
105	His Highness Late Shri. Nalvadi Krishnra- ja Wadiyer	2011	D.Litt.
106	Dr. Rajiv Taranath	2011	D.Litt.
107	Dr. M. Veerappa Moily	2011	LL.D.
108	Dr. Deviprasad Shetty	2011	D.Sc.
109	Prof. M.R. Doreswamy	2011	D.Ed.
110	Sri S.K. Shivakumar	2012	D.Sc.,
111	Prof. P.V. Krishnabhat	2012	D.Ed.,
112	Sri G. Madegowda	2012	D.Ed.,
113	Dr. M. Govindarao	2012	D.Litt.
114	Smt. Jayanthi	2012	D.Litt.,
115	Sri Pavagada Prakash Rao	2012	D.Litt.,
116	Sri C. Chandrashekar	2012	D.Litt.,
117	Padma Vibhushana Prof. Roddam Narasimha	2013	D.Litt.,
118	Pamda Shri Anil Kumble	2013	D.Litt.,
119	Dr. H. Srinivasaiah	2013	D.Litt.,
120	Sri T.K. Viswanathan	2013	LL.D.,
121	Dr. Sam Pitroda	2014	D.Litt.,
122	Padma Shri Devanur Mahaadeva	2014	D.Litt.,
123	Shri Y.K.. Puttasome Gowda	2014	D.Litt.,
124	Dr. Azim Premji	2015	D.Litt.,
125	Prof. S.L. Bhyrappa	2015	D.Litt.,
126	Sri Nagathihalli Chandrashekhara	2015	D.Litt.,
127	Smt. Rajmatha Pramoda Devi Wadiyar	2016	D.Litt.,
128	HH Dalai Lama	2016	D.Litt.,
129	Mata Amritanandamayi Devi	2019	D. Litt.

130	Sri Sri Ma.Ni.Pra.Karivrashabha Deshikedra Shivayogishwara Mahaswamiji	2019	D.Litt.,
131	Smt. Sudha N. Murthy Founder, Infosys, Bengaluru	2020	D. Litt
132	Padma Bhushan Dr. Govindarajan Padmanabhan	2021	D.Sc.
133	Sri Prashanth Praksh	2021	D.Sc

The Karnataka State Innovative Universities – 2011

The University of Mysore has the distinction to be identified by the Karnataka Knowledge Commission as one of the two Universities for improved performance in the domain of higher education in the State of Karnataka. Consequently, a bill has been approved by the Cabinet recognizing the University of Mysore as one of the Innovative Universities.

CITY OF MYSORE - AT A GLANCE

Mysore is a city of Universities. It houses three Universities: Karnataka State Open University and Dr. Gangubai Hanagal University of Music and Performing Arts are the relatively new Universities growing on the lap of the Century-



old the University of Mysore. This is the reason why Mysore is resplendent as it has accorded great importance to education and culture. The city is located at a distance of about 146 km South West of the State Capital, Bangalore. The city, which was the Capital of the Royal Dynasty of Mysore until 1947, is referred to as the cultural capital of Karnataka. Mysore is well-known for its palaces, museums and art galleries. The festivities that take place here attract the visitors across the globe. The art and architectural wealth portrays the legacy and opulence of the city's royal heritage. The city indeed presents an ideal blend of tradition and modernity. The royal city's long tryst with educational activities has transformed into a knowledge University Hand Book

airport is in the city of Bengaluru, which is about 140KM away. Many tourist attractions are in and around the city, including the fabled Mysore Palace, the breathtaking Brindavan Gardern, Nagarahole, Bandipur and Kabini wildlife sanctuaries, Ranganatittu bird reserve, Coorg coffee plantations, Tibetan settlement at Bylukuppe, Tribal settlements at Biligiriranga



MYSURU ZOO

Hills, heritage sites of Somnathpur and Srirangapatna and the scenic Chamundi Hills. With so much to do and so many places to visit, explore and discover, life in Mysore promises to offer many unforgettable experiences. Professor S.V. Ranganna who in one of his memorable verses, very politely told Indra, the God of Gods thus: "I cannot exchange Mysore for your Amaravathi; You keep your kingdom for yourself, let me have my dear Mysore for myself" That sums up what Mysore is. Everyone who comes and stays in Mysore either as students or as visitors have endorsed this eulogy without any reservation.