

ಮೈಸೂರು ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ



# University of Mysore

(Estd.1916)

**Ph. D. in GANDHIAN STUDIES**



UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE  
Centre for Gandhian Studies  
Manasagangotri, Mysuru-570 006

Regulations and Syllabus  
Ph. D. in GANDHIAN STUDIES

  
**DIRECTOR**  
**CENTRE FOR GANDHIAN STUDIES**  
GANDHI BHAVAN, UNIVERSITY OF MYS  
MANASAGANGOTRI, MYSORE-570 006

**UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE**  
**GUIDELINES AND REGULATIONS**  
**LEADING TO**  
**PH.D. IN GANDHIAN STUDIES**

**Programme Details**

Name of the Department : Centre for Gandhian Studies  
Subject : Gandhian Studies  
Faculty : Arts  
Name of the Programme : Ph.D.

**PH.D PROGRAMME IN GANDHIAN STUDIES**

**PROGRAMME OUTCOME**

Designed to facilitate interdisciplinary research on the multidimensional issue of Gandhian Ideals, it helps Post Graduate Degree holders from various disciplines to conduct research under the aegis of Gandhian Bhavan. Those who complete this Doctoral Programme will be both qualified and competent to teach Gandhian Models and work in voluntary sector and in Rural Development domains.

**Pedagogy**

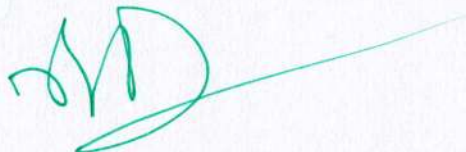
- The pedagogy of teaching research methods to PhD scholars of Gandhian Studies involves imparting of specific and focused applications of tools and techniques in research.
- The instructional design comprises of developing good organisational skills of researchers in order to evolve a good research design in the area of research.
- Scholars pursuing PhD research should have intellectual mastery over their chosen area of study within Gandhian Studies and allied disciplines.
- Conducting literature survey under the direction of the supervisor is a primary module in the research methodology.

**COURSE-I: ADVANCED RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND THEORY IN GANDHIAN STUDIES**

**COURSE OUTCOME**

- This course enables students to fine tune their research skills and pursue independent research.

**COURSE CONTENTS**



- UNIT-I:** Research, meaning and concept, importance of research, objectives, methodology, types of research, descriptive and analytical approach, conceptual and empirical.
- UNIT-II:** Research formulation – Research questions, tools and design, Selecting the topic, literature review, primary and secondary sources, web as resource, library reference method, magazines and periodicals, academic sources.
- UNIT-III:** Research design, features of good design, observation and facts, developing research plan, frame work of research, steps to be taken for systematic research.
- UNIT-IV:** Data collection and analysis, methods of data collection, sampling method, data processing and analysis, Hypothesis, meaning and importance, formulation of hypothesis.
- UNIT-V:** Reporting and thesis writing, structure and composition of thesis writing, layout and method of writing, maintaining good quality research writing presentation and effective communication and linguistic skills.

#### REFERENCES

1. Balley, Kenneth D., Methods of Social Research, New York, 1978.
2. Best John W, Kahn James U., Reseach in Education, PHL Learning Private Limited, Delhi, 2014.
3. Emory, C.W. Willam., Business Research Methods, Illinois, Richard D. Irwin, Inc., Homewood, 1976.
4. Krishnaswamy O.R. Ranganatham M., Methodology of Research in Social Science, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai, 2006.
5. Kothari C.R., Research Methodology, Methods and Techniques, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2010.
6. Mangal S.K., Shubhra Mangal., Research Methodology in Behavioural Science, PHL Learning Private Limited, Delhi. 2015.
7. Young V.Pauline., Scientific Social Surveys and Research, PHL Learning Private Limited, Delhi, 2014.
8. Singh K.K., Research Methodology – APH Publishshing Corporation, New Delhi, 2016.

#### COURSE-II: THESE BROAD THEMES ARE FOR GENERAL REFERENCE AND REVIEW OF LITERATURE

##### COURSE OUTCOME

- By reviewing the literature pertaining to all aspects of Gandhian thought in general and the those research theme in particular the researcher will be able to identify the research gaps and conduct focused research.

##### COURSE CONTENT

- UNIT-I:** Gandhian Philosophy – Gandhiji’s Life and Message –Major Influences on Gandhiji – Truth and Non-violence Ends and Means Satyagraha and Passive Resistance - Gandhiji’s view of Religion – Gandhian concept of Ideal Village.
- UNIT-II:** Gandhian issues in Indian Politics – Decentralization, Local Government Bodies, Grama Panchayat, Taluk Pachayat, Zilla Panchayat, Municipalities, Corporations.
- UNIT-III:** Gandhi and Ecology – Natural resources and Classifications – Land, water, air, forest, Fisheries as resources – Importance of Conservation of Natural resources.
- UNIT-IV:** Gandhi and Indian economics – Rural development, Khadi and Village Industries, Agriculture, Economic equality –Voluntary Poverty – Bread labour – concept of Decentralisation, the concept of Co-Operation.

**UNIT-V:** Gandhi and Feminism/Gender problem – Women’s Status and Role in Society, Marriage and Sex, Women’s Education, Political power.

**REFERENCES**

1. Sarvodaya M.K. Gandhi ethics (Navjivan).
2. Unto this Last (paraphrase) M.K. Gandhi.
3. Socialism, Sarvodaya and Democracy – J.P Narayan.
4. Mahatma – D.G. Tendulkar Vol. I to VIII.
5. Mahatma Gandhi – The Last Phase Vol. I and II.
6. The Mind of Mahatma Gandhi – R.K. Prabhu & UR Rao.
7. Moral and Political thought of Gandhi – Raghavan N Iyer.
8. Democracy – Read and deceptive – Mahatma Gandhi.
9. Democratic Values – Vinoba Bhave.



10

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function  $f(x)$  defined by the equation  $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$ .

It is shown that the function  $f(x)$  is constant and equal to zero. This is done by showing that  $f(x)$  satisfies the differential equation  $f'(x) = f(x)$  and the initial condition  $f(0) = 0$ . The only solution to this equation is  $f(x) = 0$ .

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