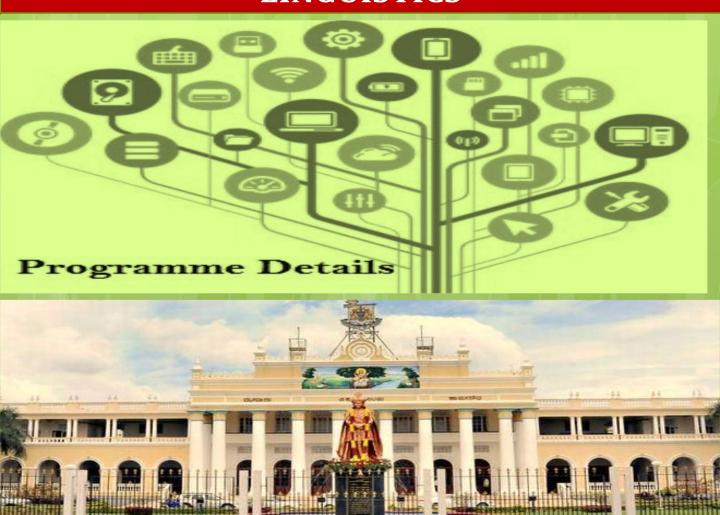
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### University of Mysore

(Estd.1916)

### POSTGRADUATE DIPLOMA IN LINGUISTICS



# University of Mysore Kuvempu Institute of Kannada Studies Department of Studies in Linguistics Manasagangothri, Mysuru-570006

Regulations and Syllabus

### POSTGRADUATE DIPLOMA IN LINGUISTICS

(One year)

Dr. B. K. RAVINDRANATH

M.A.(Ling.)M.A.(Anthro.)Ph.D.
Chairman BOS in Linguistics (Composits)
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## UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE GUIDELINES AND REGULATIONS LEADING TO POSTGRADUATE DIPLOMA IN LINGUISTICS

### **Programme Details**

Name of the Department

: Kuvempu Institute of Kannada Studies

Subject

Linguistics

Faculty

Arts

Name of the Programme

Postgraduate Diploma in Linguistics

**Duration of the Programme** 

One Year

### SYLLABUS AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

Paper	TITLE OF THE PAPER	Teaching Hours per week	Exami nation Hours	Max. Marks
91	DESCRIPTIVE LINGUISTICS	2	03	100
II	HISTORICAL AND COMPARATIVE LINGUISTICS	2	03	100
Ш	SOCIOLINGUISTICS	2	03	100
IV	LANGUAGE TEACHING METHODS	2	03	100
V	SAILENT FEATURES OF DRAVIDIAN LANGUAGES OR KANNADA LINGUISTICS	2	03	100
	TOTAL NUMBER OF PAPERS - 5			500



### PAPER I: DESCRIPTIVE LINGUISTICS

Language and Linguistics – Descriptive Linguistics – Nature and Scope, its relationship with historical and comparative Linguistics.

Phonetics-Nature and Scope, different branches of Phonetics – Articulatory, Acoustic and Auditory phonetics and their inter relationship, organs of speech – production of speech sounds, specification of speech sound, qualities of speech sound, articulations, syllable, diphthongs, suprasegmental features Experimental phonetics.

Transcription – Phonetic transcription and Phonemic transcription, transliteration and translation, description of IPA symbols.

Phonemics – Definition of Phone, Phoneme and allophone. Difference between phonetics and phonemics. Principles of phonemic analysis.

Morphology – Definition of Morph, Morpheme and Allomorph. Principles for the identification of Morphemes, types of Morphs and Morphemes, Morphemes and words, word and meaning.

Morphological processes – Affixation, reduplication, internal change, zero modification.

Morphological Construction - Inflectional and derivational constructions, Morphophonemics

Syntax – Syntactical structures, Grammatical categories, Parts of speech, syntactical analysis – tagmemic analysis I.C. Analysis, String Analysis. Syntactical linkages, item and arrangement, item and process, word order.

### Books for Reference:

1. Bernard Bloch and George L Trager: An Outline of Linguistics Analysis, 1942

Daniel Jones : Outline of English Phonetics, 1947

3. Gleason H A : An Introduction to descriptive Linquistics, 1961

4. Hockett C F : A course in Modern Linguistics, 1958

5. John Lyons : Introduction to theoretical Linguistics, 1968

6. Krishnaswamy N : An Introduction to Linguistics for Language teachers, 1971

7. Nida E A : Morphology : A Descriptive Analysis of Words, 1949

8. Malmberg B : Manual of Phonetics, 1973

9. Pike, K L : Phonetics, 1947

10. Pike, K L : Phonemics, 1947

11. Ladefoged : Preliminaries to Linguistics Phonetics, 1969

12. Heffner : General Phonetics, 1949



13. Chomsky N : Syntactic structures, 1957

14. Kempegowda K : Samanya Bhasavijnana (in Kannada), 1996

15. Chidanandamurthy M : Bhasavijnanada mulatattvagalu (in Kannada), 1967

### PAPER II: HISTORICAL AND COMPARATIE LINGUISTICS

Historical and Comparative Linguistics – General Linguistics Diachronic and Synchronic studies of Languages, A brief sketch of the development of historical linguistics with special reference to old, medieval and modern periods, - The four significant breakthroughs towards the development of modern linguistics – 1786 Sir William Jones, 1876 Neo-Grammarians theory, 1961 F. De. Saussure, 1957 Noam Chomsky.

Classification of Languages – Genealogical and Typological classification – Language families of the world, language families of India.

Linguistic Change – Cause and types of linguistic changes – linguistic borrowing – process, causes and types – Analogical creations.

Historical Methodology – Written records – linguistic geography (Dialectology) – Comparative method – External reconstruction – Internal reconstruction – glottochronology (Lexico-Statistics).

### **Books for Reference**

Anthony Arlotto : Introduction to historical linguistics, 1972

2. Anttila, K : Introduction to historical and comparative

Linguistics, 1972

3. Lehmann W P : Historical linguistics – An Introduction, 1962

4. Robins, R H : A Short history of Linguistics, 1971

5. Sturtevant E H : Linguistic change, 1960

6. Hockett, C F : A Course in Modern Linguistics, 1958

7. James, M Andersen : Structural Aspects of language change, 1973

8. Honingswald H : Linguistic change and Language reconstruction, 1960

9. Robert J Jeffers and Lehiste : Principles and Methods for Historical linguistics, 1979

10. Hans Henrich Hock : Principles of Historical linguistics, 1986

11. Bloomfield L : Language, 1933

12. Dinneen F P : An Introduction to General Linguistics, 1967

13. Kempegowda K : Bhasavargikarana (in Kannada), 1980



### PAPER III: SOCIOLINGUISTICS

Applied Linguistics – Place of sociolinguistics in Applied Linguistics. Nature and Scope of Sociolinguistics – Its genesis and development – Dimension of Sociolinguistics – Branches of sociolinguistics.

Sociolinguistics and Linguistics – Dialectology – Sociology – Psychology – Education – Folklore – Anthropology etc.

Sociolinguistics Theories - Variable theory - Deficit theory

Stratificational theories – Correlation theory –Sapir – Whorlf, Hypothesis, theories of Harry Hoizer, Bright and Ramanujan etc.

The Study of Language and its inter-relationship with society, culture, social class, ethnic group, Sex and Social context.

Social Distance – Social barriers – Social dialects – Bilingualism – Multilingualism – Diglossia – Standard language – Linguafranca – Pidgin – Crede – convergence Artificial Language.

Language Planning – Modernization – Standardization – Script change or Modification.

Sociolinguistics field techniques – Sampling – questionnaire – elicitation. Pilot survey and its significance.

### Books for Reference:

Trudgill P : Sociolinguisitcs, 1974
 Bright W : Sociolinguisitcs, 1966

3. Pride J A (Ed.) : Sociolinguisites, 1973

4. Fishman J A : Advance in Sociology of Language, Vol I & II, 1968-1971

5. Hymes D : Language in culture and society, 1964

6. Dil A S : Language in Social groups, 1973

7. Dittmar Norbert : Sociolinguisitcs, 1976
8. Hudson R A : Sociolinguisitcs, 1980
9. Roger T Bell : Sociolinguisitcs, 1976

10. Pandit PB : India as a Sociolinguisitos Area, 1972



### **PAPER IV: LANGUAGE TEACHING METHODS**

Aims and Objectives of Language Teaching – Language teaching and applied linguistics – Language teaching and contrastive linguistics. Error analysis. Bilingualism, Sociolinguistics, psycholinguistics etc.

Principles of Language Teaching – Teaching L1 and L2 - Teaching Materials – Teaching pronunciation, grammatical pattern – vocabulary and cultural elements.

Methods of language teaching – Language Testing – types of tests – Language Laboratory – Language teaching Aids – Audio visual, audio-lingual etc. A brief history of language teaching – Language teaching in India – Recent developments in language teaching methods.

### **Books for Reference:**

Mackey W F : Language Teaching Analysis, 1965

Lado R : Language Teaching – A Scientific Approach, 1964

Lado R : Language Testing, 1964

4. Harding D H : The New Pattern of Language Teaching, 1964

5. Pillai K T : Contrastive Linguistics and Language Teaching, 1973

6. Eries C : The Language Teaching and Learning of a Foreign Language

7. Bennet : Applied Linguistics and Language Learning, 1974

8. Nickel C : Papers in Contrastive Linguistics, 1971

9. Halliday K A et.al. (Ed.) : The Linguistics Science and Language Teaching

10. Narasimha Rao KVVL : Evaluation and Language Education, 1980



### PAPER V(A): SAILENT FEATURES OF DRAVIDIAN LANGUAGES

Indian Languages, the place of Dravidian languages in Indian Languages, classification of Dravidian languages, sub-grouping of Dravidian languages, Dravidian and non-Dravidian languages – African Languages and Dravidian Languages.

Origin and development of the term 'Dravida'. History of Dravidian Linguistics – Dravidians and their culture and Society. Proto-Dravidian Language, Nature of proto-dravidian, proto dravidian language and Tamil, Kannada – early historical and linguistic records, early literary works etc.

Comparative Dravidian Phonology, Morphology and Syntax - Comparative Dravidian Phonemes, Morphemes and their structures, sentences of Dravidian languages Development of Proto Dravidian vowels, consonants and clusters. Comparative Dravidian Nouns, verbs, gender, number, case, pronouns, numerals , adjectives, adverbs, tenses, post-positions, moods, indeclinables, conjunctions etc., of Dravidian languages, Dravidian Grammar-Grammatical categories, Dravidian sentences and their word order – types of syntactical constructions.

### **Books for References:**

1. Caldwell : A Comparative Grammar of the Dravidian or South Indian

Family of Languages, 1974

2. Jules Bloch : The Grammatical Structure of the Dravidian Languages, 1954

3. K. Zvelebil : Comparative Dravidian Phonology, 1970

4. K. Zvelebil : Comparative Dravidian Morphology, 1973

5. T. Burrow : Collected Papers on Dravidian Linguistics, 1968

6. S. V. Shanmugam : Dravidian Nouns, 1971

7. P. S. Subrahmanyam : Dravidian Verb Morphology, 1971

8. K. Kempegowda : Toulanika Dravida Bhashavijnana, 1996

9. Hampa Nagarajaiah : Dravida Bhashavijnana, 1966

10. Sangamesha Soundattimatha: Dravida Bhasha Vyasanga, 1978



### PAPER V(B): KANNADA LINGUISTICS

A brief history of Kannada Linguistics – Kannada Linguistics in Pre-independence and post-independence periods – Summer Schools of Linguistics – Pioneer Scholars of Kannada Linguistics. Kannada Linguistics and different universities and Institutions – Deccan College, Pune. Central Institute of Indian Languages, Kuvempu Institute of Kannada Studies, University of Mysore, Bangalore University, Karnatak University, Kannada University, Kuvempu University, Mangalore University, Gulbarga University, University of Madras, University of Kerala, and Osmania University, etc.,

Historical Linguistic Research in Kannada – D.L. Narasimhachar, T.N. Sreekantaian, A. N. Narasimhaiah, G. S. Rai, K. Kushalappa Gowda, C. Ramaswamy and others contribution.

Comparative Linguistic Research in Kannada – U.P. Upadyaya, Shalini Raghunath, Madhavan, K. D. Madivannan, K. D. Neelakantan, T. Shambulingappa, J. S. Kulli, R. Velumurugan and others contributions.

Descriptive Linguistic Research in Kannada – Willam Bright, Mc. Cornack, R.C.Hiremath, A. K. Ramanujan, H. M. Nayak, H. S. Biligiri, William Madtha, J. S. Kulli, Hampa Nagarajaiah, K. Kempegowda and others contributions.

Other Linguistic Research in Kannada – the present trends in Kannada Linguistics Research.

### Books for Reference:

1. H. S. Biligiri : 'Kannada' Current trends in Linguistics Vol.5, 1969

2. Sangamesh S : Kannada Samshodana Kaipidi, 1993 (in Kannada)

3. Sangamesh S : Sahitya Samshodana Marga, 1995 (in Kannada)

4. Somashekara Gowda : 'Kannada Bhashe' in 'Maha Marga' 1998 (in Kannada)

5. Kempegowda : 'Kannada Bhashavijnana Caritre' in 'Nammakannada', 1991

6. Gai G S : Historical Grammar of Old Kannada, 1946

7. Narasimhaiah A N : A Grammar of oldest Kanarese Inscriptions, 1933

8. Kushalappa Gowda K : A Grammar of Kannada (Based on the Inscriptions of Coorg

South Canara and North Canara 1000 to 1400 A.D.,) 1969

9. Nayak H M : Kannada Literary and Colloquial, 1967

10. Hiremath R C : The Structure of Kannada, 1961

11. Narasimhacharya R : History of Kannada Language, 1940

12. Mac Cormack W : Kannada-A Cultural Introduction to the spoken styles of the

Language, 1966

13. Kittel Rev. F : Grammar of the Kannada Language, 1903

14. Upadhyaya U P : A Comparative study of Kannada dialects, 1976

15. Chandraiah B N : A descriptive grammar of Harijan dialect, 1987



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