ಮೈಸೂರು ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯ

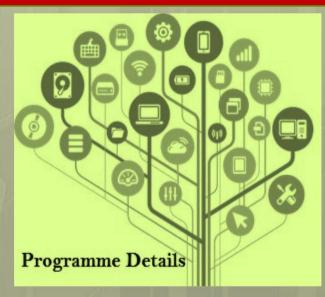


University of Mysore

(Estd.1916)

M.A. PHILOSOPHY

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)





UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE

Department of Philosophy Manasagangotri, Mysuru-570006

Regulations and Syllabus Master of Arts in Philosophy (M.A.) (Two-year semester scheme)

Under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

The Chairman [36 S]
Department of Post-Graduate Studies
and Research in Philosophy
University of Mysore

Manasagangotri, Mysuru-570 006

UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE

GUIDELINES AND REGULATIONS LEADING TO

MASTER OF ARTS IN PHILOSOPHY

PROGRAMME DETAILS

Name of the Department Department of Studies in Philosophy

Subject Philosophy

Faculty Arts

Name of the Programme Master of Arts in Philosophy

Duration of the Programme 2 years divided into 4 semesters

Out.

Programme Outcome

- P.O-1 Students will learn about the beginning and importance of Indian Philosophy right from ancient times up to contemporary period, like the great Vedic seers, Kapila, Patanjali, Kanaada, Jaimini, Badarayana, Shankara, Ramanuja, Madhva, Buddha, Basava and Ambedkar.
- P.O-2 Students will learn about the beginning and importance of Western Philosophy right from ancient times upto contemporary period, like the great Socrates, Plato, Aristotle, F.H. Bradley, Sartre, Russel, William James, Whitehead and so on.
- P.O-3 Logic is very important for any discipline. Students will learn the art of putting right thought in clear terms. Logic is basic to both courses, either Eastern or Western.
- P.O-4 Students will learn about the beginning and importance and role of Religion in society how religion began and how it evolved the basic tenets of religion like compassion, harmony etc are all very necessary for our understanding of society and social progress.
- P.O-5 Students will learn about the significance of values. Values form the very basis of society life is essentially a life of values, as distinguished from animal life.

Again, the students will learn about the essentials of art, forms of visual art, theatre, poetry which add charm to life and society.

Programme Specific Outcomes

- 1. Able to speak and write clearly and cogently.
- 2. Able to think creatively and independently, exploring possibilities beyond those entrenched in prevailing opinion and practice.

Programme Pedagogy

- 1. This PG programme has been designed in such a way to make use of different teaching methods by properly sequencing and organising the course contents.
- 2. For this programme the Instructional design depends on the subject matter to be taught and the understanding of diverse needs of different learners attending the courses.

- The faculty adopts an effective pedagogy in this programme which can lead to both academic achievement and social-cum-emotional development.
- It provides enough opportunity to the students to acquire knowledge on general ability to contribute to the society with proper acquisition of programme specific skills.
- The pedagogy involves meaningful incorporation of teaching and learning materials in addition to use of text books and reference works.

M.A. DEGREE COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

FIRST SEMESTER

Sl. No	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	Code Title of the Paper	Credit pattern in		Cred it	Teachin g hours/	
			L	T	P	valu e	week
1	14501	Indian Philosophy From Vedas To Non-Vedic Schools (HC)	3	1	0	4	-
2	14502	Western Philosophy - Pre-Socratic And Socratic (HC)	3	1	0	4	***************************************
3	14503	Western Logic - Traditional And Modern (HC)	3	1	0	4	
4	14504	Philosophy Of Religion – Evolutionary And Psychological (HC)	3	1	0	4	Thosa someon
5	14505	A)Philosophy Of Values (SC) (Discipline Centric Elective)	3	1	0	4	
6	14506	B) Indian Ethics (SC) (Discipline Centric Elective)	3	1	0	4	

SECOND SEMESTER

Sl. No	Code	Code Title of the Paper	Credit pattern in			Cred it	Teachin g hours/
			Ĺ	T	P	valu e	week
1	14511	Indian Philosophy From Nyaya To Purvamimamsa (HC)	3	1	0	4	
2	14512	Western Philosophy - Medieval And Modern(HC)	3	1	0	4	
3	14513	Theory Of Knowledge – Western (HC)	3	1	0	4	
4	14514	Problems Of Philosophy Of Religion(HC)	3	1	0	4	
5	14515	A) Problems Of Aesthetics (SC) (Discipline Centric Elective)	3	1	0	4	Was the same of th
6	14516	B) Western Ethics (SC) (Discipline Centric Elective)	3	1	0	4	

Sl. Code Title of the Paper Credit Credit Teaching

Of

No			p	attern i	n	Value	hours/ Week	
		AND ASSESSMENT OF THE STREET, AND	L	T	P	A MEN		1
1	14521	Advaita Vedanta (HC)	1	1	0	4		
2	14522	a) Contemporary Western thought (From HegelTo John Dewey) (SC) (Discipline Centric Elective)	1	1	0	4		
3	14523	b) Philosophy Of Yoga (SC) (Discipline CentricElective)	1	1	0	4		
4	14524	Contemporary Indian Thought (From Ramakrishna To Gandhi) (HC)	1	1	0	4		
5	14526	Prescribed Text: Swamy Vivekananda's Karma Yoga (HC) OPEN ELECTIVE STUDENTS FROM OTHER DISCIPLINES	1	1	0	4	W Y	
6	14528	A) Social Philosophy B) Fundamentals Of Early Buddhism	1	1	0	4		
7	14829	(OPEN ELECTIVE DISCIPLINE)	1	1	0	4		
8		Dissertation - Indian	0	3	1	4		

FOURTH SEMESTER

Sl. No.	Code	Code Title of the Paper	1	Credit pattern in			Teaching ghours/
			L	T	P	valu e	week
1	14541	Vishistadvaita and Dvaita (HC)	3	1	0	4	
2	14542	A)Contemporary Western Thought - From L. Morgan To Whitehead (Discipline Centric Elective) (SC)	3	1	0	4	
3	14543	B)Philosophy and Globalization (Discipline Centric Elective) (SC)	3	1	0	4	Jary II.
4	14544	Contemporary Indian thought (from Sri Aurobindo to M. Hiriyanna) (HC)	3	1	0	4	
5	14545	Prescribed Text Western /Indian Bhakti Yoga (HC)	3	1	0	4	bed :
6	14546	OPEN ELECTIVE FOR OTHER STUDENTS DISCIPLINE A)Political Philosophy (SC)	3	1	0	4	
7	14547	OPEN ELECTIVE FOR OTHER STUDENTS DISCIPLINE B)Fundamentals of Later Buddhism (SC)	3	1	0	4	Soly I
8		Dissertation – Western/Indian	3	1	0	4	

FIRST SEMESTER
HARD CORE

COURSE-I INDIAN PHILOSOPHY FROM VEDAS TO NON-VEDIC SCHOOLS

ey.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to:

- · Gain knowledge in Indian philosophy
- · Understand the salient features of Jainism, Buddhism and practical teachings of Bhagavadgita

COURSE CONTENT

- Unit 1 A. Salient features of Indian Philosophy
 - B. Development of Vedic Thought from polytheism to monism
 - C. Salient features of Indian Philosophy
 Development of Vedic Thought from polytheism to monism
 Upanishads—The concept of Atman and Brahman—The Doctrine of five
 sheaths—Analysis of the three states of experience—Nature of the
 world—Cosmic and A cosmic views—Liberation and its means—
 Jivanmukti and videhamukhti.
- Unit 2 Practical teachings of Bhagavadgita Nishkama Karma yoga Ideals of Pravrtti and Nivritti reconciled Jnana and Bhakti.
- Unit 3 Non-Vedic Schools- Charvaka Epistemology World and souls Ethics.
- Unit 4

 Jainism Nature of Ultimate Reality Jiva and Ajiva –

 Saptabhanginaya Bondage and release Means of Moksha
 Importance of Ahimsa.
- Unit 5 A. Salient features of Early Buddhism Pessimism, positivism and practicality Emphasis on Ethics The four noble truths Nirvana Eight –fold middle path
 - B. Salient features of later Buddhism Nairatmyavada and kshanabhangavada - Schools of later Buddhism -Sarvastivada, Vijnanavada and Shunyavada

Reference Books

Out lines of Indian Philosophy
 Indian Philosophy, Volume 1 & 2
 History of Indian Philosophy: Volume I,II,III & IV
 Essentials of Indian Philosophy
 M.Hiriyanna
 M.Hiriyanna

5. An Introduction to Indian Philosophy
6. History of Philosophy - East and West
7. Bharatiya Tattvasastrada Ruparekhegalu

1. Mi Tiniyalila
1. Datta and Chatterjee
2. S. Radhakrishnan
3. Prabhushankar
4. Prabhushankar

8. Bharatiya Tattvasastrada Ruparekhegalu
 9. Bharatiya Darshana (Kan Trans)
 1 Prabhushankar
 1 K.B.Ramakrishna Rao
 2 Ramachandra Sastri

10. Bharatiya Tattvasastra Samgraha : H.N.Raghavendra Char

COURSE-II WESTERN PHILOSOPHY - PRE-SOCRATIC AND SOCRATIC

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to:

· Gain knowledge of western philosophers, major movements, issues and philosophical systems

04

Understand the theories of Socrates, Plato, Aristotle and Epicurus

COURSE CONTENT

- Unit 1 Main Characteristics of Pre-Socratic Philosophy
- Unit 2 Heraclitus and Parmenides
 - A. Heraclitus' Philosophy of Flux
 - B. Parmenides' concept of Being
- Unit 3 Socrates and Plato
 - A. Socratic Method Knowledge through concepts Know thyself Socratic Ethics Knowledge and Virtue.
 - B. Plato's theory of knowledge Doctrine of Ideas Status of the world Soul and Immortality.
- Unit 4 Aristotle His criticism of Plato's doctrine of Ideas- Form and Matter Doctrine of Four Causes Concept of God.
- Unit 5 Stoics and Epicurus
 - A. Main features of Stoicism Physics Ethics.
 - B. Epicurus His theory of Atoms Ethics Epicureanism as enlightened materialism.

Reference Books

1. Critical History of Western Philosophy : O'Connor D.J.(ed)

2. History of Western Philosophy : Russel .B.

3. History of Western Philosophy : Hoffding

4. A Critical History of Greek Philosophy : W.T.Stace

5. Studies in East-West Philosophy : G.Srinivasan

6. History of Western Philosophy : B.A.G Fuller

7. Greekara Tattvasastra Sara Sangraha : K.R.Srinivasa Iyengar

(Prasaranga, Mysore University)

8. Paschatya Tattvika Chintane : V. N. Sheshagiri Rao

(Prasaranga, Mysore University)

COURSE-III WESTERN LOGIC - TRADITIONAL AND MODERN

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to:

- Gain knowledge of western philosophers, major movements, issues and philosophical systems of the modern era
- Gain knowledge of the formal techniques of evaluating arguments and deductive systems

Q!

COURSE CONTENT

- Unit 1 Definition and scope of Logic Logic as a formal study Its relation to theory of knowledge.
- Unit 2 A. Characteristics of Judgment Truth claim Analysis and Synthesis Perceptual judgment and inferential judgment.
 - B. Traditional Classification of propositions
 - C. Distribution of terms
 - D. Opposition of propositions
 - E. Forms of Immediate inference.
- Unit 3 Categorical Syllogism Its structure and rules Corollaries Moods and Figures –Comparison with Naiyayika Anumana.
- Unit 4 A. Modern Logic Limitations of ordinary language and use of symbols.
 - B. Propositional Calculus Propositional forms –
 Conjunction, Negation, Disjunction and Implication.
 - C. Tautology, Contradictory and Contingent.
 - D. Argument form Truth table method of deciding its validity. Equivalents.
- Unit 5 Mill's Experimental Methods Problem of Induction Elements of Scientific Method.

Reference Books

1. Introduction to Logic : I.M.Copi

2. An Modern Introduction to Logic : L.S.Stebbing

3. Introduction to Logic and Scientific Knowledge : Cohen and Nagel

4. Introduction to Logic : P.Suppes

5. Language, Truth and Logic : A.J.Ayer

6. Tarkashastra (Kan) : N.G.Mahadevappa

7. Tarkashastra (Kan) : G.N.Rechanna

COURSE-IV PHILOSOPHY OF RELIGION - EVOLUTIONARY AND PSYCHOLOGICAL

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to:

Gain knowledge of major movements and issues of philosophy of religion

COURSE CONTENT

ey

Unit – 1	Problems, Definition and scope – Philosophy and Religion
Unit – 2	Relation of Religion to Morality, Science and Art
Unit – 3	Evolution of religion – Tribal religion, National religion and Universal religion.
II.i. A	Developer of Policies Conversion and working

Unit – 4 Psychology of Religion - Conversion, prayer and worship.

Unit - 5 Mysticism and its characteristics - The Question of its validity.

Reference Books

: Galloway.G.
: Brightman.E.S.
: William James
: Leuba
: Pratt
: Pringle Pattison
: Paton
: H.D.Lewis
: Hick John
: N.G.Mahadevappa
: Richard Woods
: B.P.Siddashrama
: Yamunacharya,

SOFT CORE

COURSE-V A) PHILOSOPHY OF VALUES

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to:

- Get knowledge of ethical theory
- b. Get knowledge of ways in which ethical theory is applied to specific disciplines

COURSE CONTENT

ed

- Unit 1 A. Problem and scope of Philosophy of values.
 - B. Process of Valuation Distinction between fact and value Judgment of fact and judgment of value
- Unit 2 Different Theories of Value.
 - a. Realistic Theory
 - b. Relational Theory
 - c. Interest Theory
 - d. Emergent Theory
- Unit 3 Locus of value Is value subjective or objective? An examination of various views on this question.
- Unit -4 a. Standards and Principles of the Selection of Values
 - Classification of Values Physical values, Economic Value, Social Values, Mental values and Religious value
- Unit 5 Indian Concept of values Purusharthas

1. Valuation, its Nature and laws : Urban

2. The idea of Value : John Laire

3. General Theory of Value : R. B. Perry

4. Metaphysics of Value : K. R. Srinivasa Iyengar

5. Quest after Perfection : M. Hiriyanna

6. Indian Concept of Values : M. Hiriyanna

7. Philosophy of Values : D. H. Parker

8. The Principle of Aesthetics : D. H. Parker

COURSE-V B) INDIAN ETHICS (DISCPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVE)

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to understand about:

- Historical Background of Indian Ethics
- Special features of Indian ethics
- Ethics of Vedas and Upanishads and Gita
- The concept of Dharma
- Moksha in different systems of Philosophy.

COURSE CONTENT

Unit – 1 Historical Background of Indian Ethics – Special features of Indian ethics – Ethics of Vedas and Upanishads and Gita.

ey

- Unit 2 The concept of Dharma Different notions of Dharma Different classifications of Dharma
 - a. Vidhi and Nishedhas
 - b. Samanya and visesha Dharma Impact of Samanya Dharma
 - c. Nitya and Naimittika Dharma.
- Unit 3 Varnashrama Dharma
 - a. Ashrama Dharma The Culture through the stages of life and respective duties attached to them.
 - b. Varna Dharma Origin and definition of Varna Its difference from Jati – Duties of Varna- The Question of its relevance.
- Unit 4 Concept of Purusharthas Dharma Artha Kama and Moksha Moksha as summum bonum of life Moksha in different systems of Philosophy.
- Unit -5 Ethics in Buddhism and Jainism
 - a. Buddha Ethics The Four noble truths Nirvana.
 - b. Jaina Ethics Bondage and release The means of liberation Triratnas Emphasis on Ahimsa

	Reference B	OULS
1.	Ethics of the Hindus	: S. K. Mitra
2.	History of Dharmasastras Vol-1	: P. V. Kane
3.	Socio and Religious life in the Grihya Sutras	: Apte
4.	Hindu Social Organization	: P. H. Prabhu
5.	The Mission of Philosophy	: M. Hiriyanna
6.	Quest after perfection	: M. Hiriyanna
7.	Indian Conception of values	: M. Hiriyanna
8.	A primer of Ethics	: S. Rangachar
9.	Religion and Society	: S. Radhakrishnan
10.	Hindu view of life	: S. Radhakrishnan

SECOND SEMESTER

HARD CORE

COURSE-I INDIAN PHILOSOPHY FROM NYAYA TO PURVAMIMAMSA

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to:

Explain Nyaya, Vaisheshika, Yoga and Purva Mimamsa

COURSE CONTENT

Unit - 1 Nyaya

The four pramanas – Truth and Error – Theory of Causation - Proofs

Oct.

for the existence of God - Bondage and liberation.

Unit-2 Vaisheshika

The Seven Categories - Atomic Theory

Unit-3 Samkhya

Dualism of Prakriti and Purusha – Doctrine of Evolution – Theory of Causation - The Pramanas – Truth and Error – Bondage and Liberation.

Unit-4 Yoga

Eight- fold Limbs - place of God

Unit-5 Purva Mimamsa

Truth and Error – Svatahpramanya Vada - The pramanas – Importance of Sruti - Notion of Dharma – Vedic rituals as the means of liberation.

Reference Books

	1. Outlines of Indian Philosophy	: M. Hiriyanna
2	2. Indian Philosophy, Volume 1 & 2	: S. Radhakrishnan
3	3. History of Indian Philosophy : Volume I,II,III & IV	: S. N. Dasagupta
4	4. Essentials of Indian Philosophy	: M. Hiriyanna
5	5. An Introduction to Indian Philosophy	: Datta and Chatterjee
6	6. History of Philosophy - East and West	: S. Radhakrishnan
7	7. Bharatiya Tattvasastrada Rupurekhegalu	: Prabhushankar
8	3. Bharatiya Tattvasastrada Mulamshagalu	: K. B. Ramakrishna Rao
9	9. Bharatiya Darshana (Kan Trans)	: Ramachandra Sastri
1	0. Bharatiya Tattavasastra Samgraha	: H. N. Raghavendrachar

COURSE-II WESTERN PHILOSOPHY - MEDIEVAL AND MODERN

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to:

- Gain knowledge of western philosophers, major movements, issues and philosophical systems of the medieval and modern era
- · Gain knowledge of the formal techniques of evaluating arguments and deductive systems

COURSE CONTENT

- Unit -1 a. Main features of Medieval Philosophy
 - The concept of faith and reason with reference to St. Augustine and St.Thomas Aquinas – Nature of God.

Unit – 2 Modern Philosophy and Rationalism trend

eif

- c. Descartes Cogito ergo sum Doctrine of Innate ideas Interactionism (mind and body).
- d. Spinoza concept of substance pantheism psycho-Physical parallelism (mind and body).
- e. Leibnitz Doctrine of Monads Theory of Pre-established harmony.

Unit - 3 Modern Philosophy and Empiricism

- a. John Locke Criticism of Descartes' doctrine of Innate Ideas Mind as tabula rasa – Representative theory of perception – Concept of God.
- Berkley Esse est percipii Refutation of matter Soul and God.
- c. Hume's skepticism (Radical Empiricism) Refutation of soul, matter and God – Criticism of causal theory (Hume's forked)
- Unit 4 Kant Rationalism and Empiricism reconciled Possibility of synthetic apriori Phenomenon and Neumann.
- Unit 5 Hegel Dialectic method Concept of Absolute.

Reference Books

Critical History of Western Philosophy
 History of Western Philosophy
 History of Western Philosophy
 Hoffding
 A Critical History of Modern Philosophy
 Studies in East-West Philosophy
 History of Western Philosophy
 G. Srinivasan.
 History of Western Philosophy
 B. A. G. Fuller
 Paschatya Tattvika Chintana
 V. N. Sheshagiri Rao

(Prasaranga, Mysore University)

COURSE-III THEORY OF KNOWLEDGE - WESTERN

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to get:

- α) Knowledge of major philosophical movements and issues in ontology and causality
- β) Knowledge of major philosophical movements and issues in theories of knowledge
- χ) Knowledge of current developments and issues in philosophy of mind and language

COURSE CONTENT

- Unit 1 Problem and scope of Epistemology– Salient features of knowledge
- Unit 2 Basic concepts of Epistemology Apriori and Aposteriori Analytic and synthetic Necessary and contingent.

O.L.

- Unit 3 Epistemological Methods
 - a. Rationalism (Descartes)
 - b. Empiricism (Locke, Berkley and Hume)
 - c. Kantianism (Kant)
- Unit 4 Problem of External World Realism and Idealism
 - a. Naïve Realism
 - b. Dualistic Realism (Common Sense Theory)
 - c. Subjective Idealism
 - d. Objective Idealism
 - e. Neo Realism
 - f. Critical Realism
 - g. Phenomenalism
- Unit 5 Criterion of Truth
 - a. Correspondence Theory
 - b. Coherence Theory
 - c. Pragmatic Theory

1. Theory of Knowledge : Hamlyn. D. W.
2. Theory of knowledge : Woozley. A.D.
3. Human Knowledge – Its Scope and limits : Russel. B.
4. Introduction to philosophical Analysis : Hospers. J.
5. What is knowledge : Pears. D. F.
6. Analytical Philosophy of knowledge : Danto A. C.
7. Problems of Philosophy : Pussell B.

7. Problems of Philosophy8. Language ,Truth and logic1. A. J. Ayer

COURSE-IV PROBLEMS OF PHILOSOPHY OF RELIGION

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to get:

- β) Knowledge of major movements and issues of philosophy of science
- χ) Knowledge of major movements and issues of philosophy of religion

COURSE CONTENT

- Unit 1 The idea of God A critical evaluation of different proofs for the existence of God Ontological, Cosmological and Teleological proofs Different theories of God.
- Unit 2 Problem of Religious Language Different views

ey

- a. Analogical view of Aquinas
- b. Symbolic view of Tillich
- c. Reductionist view of Braithwaite
- d. Cognitive view of positivist
- Unit 3 Problems in Philosophy of Religion
 - a. Good and Evil
 - b. Soul and Immortality
- Unit 4 World Religions Indian A Critical Survey
 - a. Hinduism
 - b. Buddhism
- Unit 5 World Religions Non-Indian A Critical Survey
 - a. Christianity
 - b. Islam

1. The Philosophy of Religion : Galloway.G.

2. A Philosophy of Religion : Brightman.E.S

3. Idea of God : Pringle Pattison

4. The Modern Predicament : Paton

5. Philosophy of Religion : H. D. Lewis

6. Philosophy of Religion (4th Edition of and latest) : Hick John

7. "Dharma Meemamse" (Prasaranga, Karnataka : N.G.Mahadevappa

University, Dharwad)

8. Matadharma Tattvasastra (kannada) : Yamunacharya

(Bangalore University)

9. Vishwa Dharmagala tulanatmaka Sameekshe : Ramachandra Swamy

SOFT CORE

COURSE-V A) PROBLEMS OF AESTHETICS (DISCPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVE)

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to:

- α) Analyse Problem and Scope of Aesthetics
- β) Explain Theories of Art
- χ) Relate of Art to Truth, Morality and Religion.

COURSE CONTENT

- Unit -1 a. Problem and Scope of Aesthetics
 - b. Characteristics of Aesthetic Experience
 - c. Classification of Arts
- Unit 2 Theories of Art
 - a. Art as Representation

Och.

- b. Art as Pure form (Clive Bell)
- c. Art as Expression (Croce and Santayana)
- Unit 3 Some Problems in Art
 - a. Tragedy
 - b. Humour (Freud and Bergson)
 - c. Ugliness
- Unit 4 Relation of Art to Truth, Morality and Religion.
- Unit 5 The Indian Concept of Rasa

1. The Principles of Aesthetics : D.H.Parker 2. The Meaning of Art . Herbert Read 3. Theory of beauty : H.Osborne 4. The Meaning of beauty : W.T.Stace 5. Problems of Art : S.Langer 6. Feeling of Form : S.Langer 7. On Art and Art : Aldous Huxley 8. Art : Clive Bell 9. History of Aesthetics : B.Bosanquet 10. Aesthetics from : Monroe C.Beardsley

Classical Greece to the Present : Monroe C.Beards

11. What is Art? : Leo Tolstoy

12. Comparative Aesthetics: 2 Vols.K.C.Pandey13. Comparative Aesthetics: G.Hanumantha Rao14. Indian Aesthetics: K.S.Ramaswamy Sastry15. The Dance of Shiva: Ananda Coomaraswamy

16. Art Experience : M.Hiriyanna 17. Problems of Aesthetics : G.Srinivasan

18.Philosophy of Beauty : T.P.Ramachandran, Madras Uni. Madras Two Vol.

COURSE-V B) WESTERN ETHICS (DISCPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVE)

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to gain knowledge on:

- β) Historical background of Western Ethics
- γ) Existentialist ethics
- δ) The Ethics of John Dewey

COURSE CONTENT

Unit – 1 Historical background of Western Ethics – Nature and definition of Morality – Scope of Moral Philosophy- Ethical theory – The nature of normative and meta-ethics – the Use of ethical theory - Relation between First order moral discourse and Second order moral discourse – Nature of Moral reasoning - Utilitarianism - Act Utilitarianism and Rule Utilitarianism

ey

- Unit 2 Contextualism The Thesis justifying ethical statements by scientific method.
- Unit 3 The Ethics of John Dewey Emotive theory of R.L.Stevenson-Prescriptivism of Hare - Muhavalism of Perry - Descriptivism (Is-ought relation)
- Unit 4 Existentialist ethics Kantian ethics Kant and Rawls Ethics of G.E. Moore
- Unit 5 Applied ethics Professional ethics Eco-ethics- Moral freedom and responsibility

1. Richard, B. Brandt : Ethical theory

2. T.E.Hill : Contemporary Ethics

3. Harold .H.Titus : Ethics for today

4. Harold.H.T.Titus : Range of Ethics

5. Fred Feldman : Introduction Ethics

(chapter 10 and 15 only)

6. Mackenzie J.S. : Manual of Ethics

7. William Lillie : Introduction to Ethics

8. Warnock G.J. : Contemporary Moral Philosophy

9. Hudson W.D. : Modern Moral Philosophy

PHILOSOPHY OF SWAMI VIVEKANANDA: OPEN ELECTIVE

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to gain knowledge on:

- a. Knowledge of Vivekananda Philosophy
- β. Students develop a life of optimism, activism, Catholicism, Rationalism, Humanism, Patriotism.
- χ. The Ethics of John Dewey

COURSE CONTENT

- Unit 1 Introduction Vivekananda and Renascent Movements Braham Samaj and Arya Samaj
- Unit 2 Ramakrishna and his Philosophical influence on Swami Vivekananda

el.

- Unit 3 Philosophy of Swami Vivekananda Vedanta his Practical Vedanta God, Man and world and their inter-relationship scientific justification for doctrine of Maya
- Unit 4 Sadhana and Moksha A brief account of Yogas, Karma Yoga, Bhakti Yoga, Raja Yoga and Jnana Yoga
- Unit 5 Swami Vivekananda's views of religion and experience his concept of an universal religion Swami Vivekananda's social views problem of caste, ashram and untouchability views on women and education the concept of the down trodeen.

- 1. Complete works of Swami Vivekananda Volume: 1 to 8
- The life of swami Vivekananda by his eastern and western and disciples Volume No – 1
- 3. Selections from Swami Vivekananda Advaitha Ashrama- 5
- 4. Vivekananda Darshana (Kannada) Dr.S.Venkatesh
- 5. Samakalina Bharathiya Tattvashastra Prof. V.N.Sheshagiri Rao

THIRD SEMESTER

HARD CORE

COURSE-I ADVAITA VEDANTA

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to gain knowledge on:

- α) Roots of Vedanta
- β) Metaphysics
- χ) Bondage and Liberation

COURSE CONTENT

- Unit 1 Roots of Vedanta Prasthana Traya Non-dualistic and Theistic views in it The problem of their Reconciliation
- Unit -2 Advaita Its Empirical Epistemology Nature of Empircal knowledge Criterion of truth The Pramanas Importance of Shruti Role of Anubhava
 and yukti Theory of Error.

Unit - 3 Metaphysics (i)

a) Nature of Brahman - Brahman as Nirguna - Place of Saguna Brahman

 b) Individual Self – Different Theories – Pratibimba vada, Avachcheda vada and Abhasavada – Analysis of three states of experience.

Unit - 4 Metaphysics (ii)

d) Theory of Causation – Brahmavivarta vada and Ajata vada or Brahmavada

Doctrine of Maya - Maya and Avidya - Locus of Maya

Unit - 5 Axiology

a) Bondage and Liberation – Nature of Moksha – Moksha as Avidya Nivritti – Jivan mukti and its importance.

b) Knowledge as the means of Moksha – Role of Nishkama Karma Yoga and Bhakti.

Reference Books

1. Prasthana Traya : Shankara's Commentary 2. Indian Philosophy (Vol.2) : S.Radhakrishan 3. Outlines of Indian Philosophy : M.Hiriyanna 4. The system of Vedantic thought and Culture : M.N.Sircar 5. The Vedanta of Shankara : R.P.Singh 6 Shankara's School of Vedanta : K.Narain 7. Shankara's Brahma Vada : R.S.Naulakha 8. The Idealist standpoint : Devrat Sinha 9. Self and Falsity in Advaita Vedanta : A.K.Rayachoudry 10. Nature of Consciousness in Hindu Philosophy : S.K.Saksena 11. Advaita as Philosophy and Religion : K.B.Ramkrishna Rao 12. Ontology of Advaita : K.B.Ramkrishna Rao 13. Advaita Vedanta- Problems and Perspectives : K.B.Ramakrishna Rao 14. Six ways of knowing : D.M.Dutta Methods of knowledge : Satprakashananda 16. Essentials of Indian Philosophy : M.Hiriyanna

18. Vacaspati 's contribution to Advaita : V.N.Sheshagiri Rao

: G.Srinivasan

19. Vedanta Parichaya : G.Srinivasan

20. Studies in Vedanta : S.S.Raghavachar

21 Advaita Vedanta - A Philosophical

17. Essentials of Vedanta

Reconstruction (Honolulu Univ. of Hawaii, 1968) : Eliot Deutch

4

22 Dimensions of Renunciation in Advaita Vedanta

: Kapil N.Tiwari

23. Philosophy of Advaita

: T.M.P.Mahadevan

24. Outlines of Vedanta

: R.Krishanswamy Iyer

25. Great Equation

: R.Krishanswamy Iyer

COURSE-II A) CONTEMPORARY WESTERN THOUGHT (FROM HEGEL TO JOHN DEWEY) (DISCPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVE)

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to gain knowledge on:

a)Hegel's Philosophy

- β)Impersonal Absolutism
- χ) Personal Absolutism
- δ) William Jame's pluralism

COURSE CONTENT

- Unit 1 Hegel's Philosophy as the background of Neo Hegelianism.
- Unit 2 F.H.Bradley and his Impersonal Absolutism
- Unit 3 Personal Absolutism of T.H.Green and J.Royce
- Unit 4 Personal Idealism of B.P.Bowne and E.S.Brightman
- Unit 5 William Jame's pluralism His Concept of "Will to believe" Dewey's Instrumentalism.

all

: M.White

2.	Chief currents in Contemporary Philosophy	: D.M.Datta
3.	Philosophy, Eastern and Western	
	Volume II	: S.Radhakrishna (Ed)
4.	A Critical History of Western Philosophy	: D.J. 'O' Conner
5.	Living issues of Philosophy	: Harold H.Titus
6.	A History of Philosophy	: B.A.G.Fuller
7.	A History of Contemporary Philosophy	: Emile Bhrehier
8.	Philosophical Analysis, its Development	: J.O.Urmson
	Between the two world wars.	

9. Recent trends in Western Philosophy : G.Srinivasan, Bapco Pubn. B'

10. Philosophical Perspectives : G.Srinivasan

(Eastern and Western)

1. The Age of Analysis

11. Introduction to Philosophical Analysis : Hospers John

12. Contemporary Western Philosophy : Copleston

13. Samakaleena Pashchyatya Tatvashastra (Kan) : G.Srinivasan,

Nabhasri Prakashana, Mysore

COURSE-II B) PHILOSOPHY OF YOGA (DISCPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVE)

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to gain knowledge on:

- α) Importance of Yoga
- β) Moral foundations of Yoga
- χ) Yoga as mind control
- δ) Yoga as Samadhi

COURSE CONTENT

- Unit 1 Meaning and Definition of the term Importance of Yoga Patanjali's Yogasutra Philosophical background of Yoga The school of Samkhya.
- Unit 2 Moral foundations of Yoga Yama and Niyama as the ten commandments of yoga
- Unit 3 Yoga as Physical, Vital and Sense-control Asana, Pranayama and Pratyahara
- Unit 4 Yoga as mind control Dharana and Dhyana Siddhi and its possibility and relevancy in the yogic context.

OU.

Yoga sutra of Patanjali – (Tr.) : Swamy Harshananda 2. Yoga : Ernst Wood 3. Perfection through Yoga : R.M.Umesh 4. Indian Philosophy Vol.II : S.Radhakrishnan 5. Indian Philosophy (on Yoga) : S.N.Dasgupta An Introduction to Indian Philosophy 6. : Datta and Chatterjee 7. Outlines of Indian Philosophy : M.Hiriyanna 8. Yoga sutra of Patanjali with Vyasa's : Vachaspati Mishra Commentary and Tattvavaisharadi 9. Sarvadarsana Samgraha of Madhava : (Tr.) Cowell and Gough 10. The Power of Yoga : K. Krishna Bhatt 11. Sarvadarsana Samgraha (Kan) : Immadi ShivaBasavaswamy

HARDCORE

COURSE-III CONTEMPORARY INDIAN THOUGHT (FROM SRI AUROBINDO TO M. HIRIYANNA)

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to understands the works of:

- Sri Aurobindo
- Sri Ramana Maharshi
- S.Radhakrishnan
- Dr.Ambedkar

COURSE CONTENT

- Unit 1 a) General background Philosophical and Religions movements in the 19th and 20th Centuries.
 - b) Salient features of Contemporary Indian Philosophy.
- Unit 2 Synthetic Philosophy of Sri Ramakrishna His mystic approach Saguna and Nirguna views reconciled Universality of Religions Synthesis Jnana Yoga and Bhakti Yoga.
- Unit 3 Swamy Vivekananda His Practical Vedanta Nature of Brahman Doctrine of Maya The four Yogas The concept of universal religion.
- Unit 4 Nature Mysticism of Rabindranath Tagore His poetic approach to

Oil

Philosophy - Nature of reality - Dvaitadvaitavada - God as personality - His view of religion as love.

Unit - 5 Mahatma Gandhi

Primacy of spirit over matter —Concept of God as Truth and Truth as God - Place of faith in religion — Satya and Ahimsa — Satyagraha and sarvodaya.

Reference Books

1. Hinduism through the Ages : D.S.Sharma 2. Renascent Hinduism : D.S.Sharma 3. The Renaissance of Hinduism : D.S.Sharma 4. Idealist Thought of India : P.T.Raju 5. Twentieth Century Indian Philosophy : Sharma.N. 6. Contemporary Indian Philosophy : R.S.Srivatsa 7. Modern Indian Thought : V.S.Naravane 8. Sri Ramakrisha and Spiritual Renaissance : Swami Nirvedananda 9. Collected works : Swami Vivekananda 10. Philosophy of Ravindranath Tagore : S.Radhakrishnan 11. Sadhana : Ravindrantha Tagore 12. Personality : Ravindrantha Tagore 13. Creative Unity : Ravindrantha Tagore 14. Quest for Gandhi : Ramachandran and Mahadevan T.M.P 15 The Making of the Mahatma : C.Devasenan 16. M.K.Gandhi - In Search of the Supreme : (Ed) V.B.Kher Vol. I II & III 17. Contemporary Indian Philosophy : B.K.Lal 18. Samakaleena Bharatiya Tatvasastra (Kan) : V.N.Sheshagiri Rao, 19. Vivekananda Darshana (Kan) S. Venaktesh 20. Ramakrishnarida Ramanaravarege : H.L.Chandrashekara, Mahima Prakashana, Mysore

OPEN ELECTIVE

COURSE-IV A) SOCIAL PHILOSOPHY

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to gain knowledge on:

- α) Nature and Scope of Social Philosophy
- β) Fundamental concepts of social life
- χ) Social Institutions
- δ) Theories of Punishment

COURSE CONTENT

- Unit 1 Nature and Scope of Social Philosophy Social Philosophy and Sociology Social Philosophy and Ethics.
- Unit 2 Fundamental concepts of social life

a) Community

ed.

- b) Association
- c) Institution
- d) Society

Unit - 3 Social Institutions

- a) Marriage and Family
- b) Educational Institutions
- c) Cultural Institutions
- d) Religious Institutions
- Unit 4 a) Problem of Social Change Laws of social change Change and progress Distinguished
 - b) Social Values Justice, Liberty and Equality Ideals of Marx, Gandhi and Ambedkar compared

Unit - 5 Problem of Crime - Theories of Punishment

- d) Deterrhent Theory
- e) Reformative Theory
- f) Retributive Theory

Reference Books

1.	Outlines of Social Philosophy	: J.S.Mackenzi
2.	The Psychology of Society	: M.Ginsberg
3.	Fundamentals of Social Philosophy	: S.Sargent
4.	Social purpose	: Hethruigton
5.	Reconstruction of Humanity	: P.Sorokin
6.	Religion and Society	: S.Radhakrishnan
7.	Guide to the Philosophy of Morals and Politics	: C.E.M.Joad
8.	Hindu Social Organization	: P.H.Prabhu
9.	Mr.Gandhi and the Emancipation of Untouchables	: B.R.Ambedkar
10.	The Annihilation of Caste. An unfinished	: Vol.I International
	task of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar	Congress of Social

COURSE-IV B) FUNDAMENTALS OF EARLY BUDDHISM

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to gain knowledge on:

- α) Salient features of Early Buddhism
- β) Fundamental Teachings of Lord Buddha
- χ) Buddhism as World Thought
- δ) Social implications of Buddhism

Of.

COURSE CONTENT

- Unit 1 Introduction and Literature Emphasis on Ethics Salient features of Early Buddhism Pessimism, Positivism and Pragmatism.
- Unit 2 Fundamental Teachings of Lord Buddha The Four Noble Truths Pratitya Samutpada Middle path Arya Astangika Marga.
- Unit 3 Philosophical implications of Early Buddhism
 - a) Nairatmyavada
 - b) Kshanabhangavada
- Unit 4 Buddhism as World Thought A Religion of No-God
- Unit 5 Social implications of Buddhism Importance of World-peace.

Reference Books

1.	Out lines of Indian Philosophy	
2.	Indian Philosophy, Volume 1 & 2	

- 3. History of Indian Philosophy: Volume I,II,III & IV
- 4. Essentials of Indian Philosophy
- 5. An Introduction to Indian Philosophy
- 6. History of Philosophy East and West
- 7. Bharatiya Tattvasastrada Ruparekhegalu
- 8. Bharatiya Darshana (Kan Trans)
- 9. Bharatiya Tattvasastra Samgraha
- 10. Philosophy of Buddshism
- 11. Buddhsim and social Values
- 12. Buddhism Basic Tenets and practices
- 13. Buddshism in New World order
- 14. Readings in Biddha's Life
- 15. Buddhism and Ethics
- 16. Buddhism in Modern World
- 17. Studies in history of Buddhism
- 18. The Buddhist way
- 19. Early Monastic Buddhism Vol.1&2
- 20. Buddhist Ethics
- 21. Central Philosophy of Buddhism
- 22. A History of Indian Philosophy Vol.I
- 23. Encyclopedia of Indian Philosophies Volume XXII

- : M.Hiriyanna
- : S.Radhakrishnan
- : S.N.Dasagupta
- : M.Hiriyanna
- : Datta and Chatterjee
- : S. Radhakrishnan
- : Prabhushankar
- : Ramachandra Sastri
- : H.N.Raghavendra Char
- :Manohar Bhardwaj
- : R.K.Pruthi, S.Ram, Archna
- Chaturvedi
- :Madhusudan Sakya
- :Madhusudan Sakya
- :Suman Chaterjee
- : Shri Shri RAvindra Bramachari
- Chidanandjee
- : D.R.Jatava
- edited by A,K,Narain
- :Dr.K.Shri.Dhammananda
- :Nalinaksha Dutt
- :George Allanand Unwin
- :T.R.VMurti
- :Surendranath Dasgupta
- :Karl H.Potter

of

Buddhist philosophy from 750 on word edited by

PAPER 3.5: DISCIPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVE

PRESCRIBED TEXT: INDIAN: a) Swamy Vivekananda's Karma Yoga

b) Term project - Indian

c) Dissertation - India

FOURTH SEMESTER

HARD CORE

COURSE-I VISHISTADVAITA AND DVAITA

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to gain knowledge on:

- Knowledge of major philosophical movements and issues in ontology and causality
- Knowledge of major philosophical movements and issues in theories of knowledge
- Knowledge of current developments and issues in philosophy of mind and language

COURSE CONTENT

Unit – 1 : Epistemology

Nature of knowledge - Pragmatic criterion of truth - Pramanas - Inderminate and Determinate perception - Attributive knowledge - Satkhyati - Sruti Pramana - Anvitabhidana vada - Tattwamasi.

Unit - 2: Ontology

Nature of God as Saguna – Paratva and soulabhya - Abhinnanimittopadana Karanatva – Aesthetic attributes. Self- Its Atomic nature - Its plurality - Classification of selves. Matter – Lila vibhuti and Nityavibhuti. God's relation to self and matter – Aprithak siddhi - Organic relation – Monistic aspect of vishishtadvaita.

Unit - 3: Axiology

Nature of Moksha – God realization as Moksha – Videha mukti. Means of Moksha – Grace as Siddhopaya - Bhakti as Sadhyopaya – Role of Karma Yoga and Jnana Yoga. Prapatti – Amgaprapatti and Svatantra prapatti.

00

Unit – 4 : Dvaita Epistemology

Nature of knowledge - Criterion of truth- Distinction between Kevala pramana and Anu pramana - The threee Anupramanas - Abhinava Anyatha Khyati - Concept of Sakshi.

Unit - 5: Ontology

Nature of God - God as saguna - God as omnipresent, omnipotent, omniscient and All - Merciful- God as Nimitta karana

Self – Its atomic nature - Plurality of selves – Classification of selves. Matter - Theory of causation - Sadasatkaryavada. Relation of God with self and matter - Difference as the essence of Reality - Five - fold difference - Svatantra and Paratantra - The concept of Vishesha

Unit - 6: Axiology

Nature of Moksha - Moksha as the destruction of Nescience -Means of Moksha- Grace - Bhakti and prasada - Role of Karma yoga and Jnana yoga - Concept of Anandataratamya - Videha mukti.

Reference Books

1. Sri Bhashya : Ramanuja 2. Indian Philosophy (Vol.2) : S.Radhakrishan 3. Outlines of Indian Philosophy M.Hiriyanna 4. The Idealist standpoint Devrat Sinha Nature of Consciousness in Hindu S.K.Saksena

16. Vishistadvaita

17. Ramanuja and Bowne

5. Philosophy 6. Six ways of knowing : D.M.Dutta 7. Methods of knowledge : Satprakashananda 8. Philosophy of Vishistadvaita : P.N.Srinivasachari 9. Ramanuja's Theory of Knowledge : K.C. Varadachari 10. Philosophy of Sadhana in Vishistadvaita : N.S.Anantharangachar 11. Introduction to Vedartha Samgraha : S.S.Raghavachar 12. Vedartha Samgraha : S.S.Raghavachar 13. Ramanuja on Upanishads : S.S.Raghavachar 14.Ramanuja on Gita : S.S.Raghavachar 15.Shree Bhashya : S.S.Raghavachar

18. Yatindramata Dipika of Srinivasa Dasa : (Tr.) Swamy Adidevananda

: S.S.Raghavachar

: F.K.Lazarus

19. Studies in Ramanuja Vedanta : S.R.Bhatt

20. Essentials of Indian Philosophy : M.Hiriyanna 21. Essentials of Vedanta : G.Srinivasan 22. Vedanta Parichaya(Kan) : G.Srinivasan 23. Studies in Vedanta : S.S.Raghavachar 24. Philosophy of Madhvacharya : B.N.K.Sharma 25. An Outline of Madhva Philosophy : K.Narain

26. Dvaita Vedanta : T.P.Ramachandran 27. Dvaita Vedanta : P.Nagaraj Rao 28. Dvaita Vedanta : S.S.Rahavachar

29. Dvaita Philosophy and its place in Vedanta: H,N.Raghavendrachar Prasaranga. UOM

30. Brahma Mimamse (Kan)

: H,N.Raghavendrachar, Prasaranga. UOM

COURSE-II <u>DISCIPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVE</u> A . CONTEMPORARY WESTERN THOUGHT - FROM L.MORGAN TO WHITEHEAD.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to gain knowledge on:

- · Philosophy of Evolution
- Philosophy of sense data
- · Husserl's phenomenology

COURSE CONTENT

- <u>Unit 1</u>: Philosophy of Evolution with special reference to L.Morgan, S.Alexander and Henry Bergson.
- <u>Unit 2</u>: A Brief survey of Logical positivism and Analytical Philosophy with special reference to Wittgenstein, A.J.Ayer and Carnap.
 - <u>Unit 3</u>: Philosophy of sense data with special reference to G.E.Moore, Frege and Bertrand Russel.
 - <u>Unit 4</u>: Husserl's phenomenology Existentialism of kierkegard, Heideggar and Jean Paul Sartre.
 - <u>Unit 5</u>: Organic Philosophy of A.N.Whitehead His concept of God.

Reference Books

The Age of Analysis
 Chief currents in Contemporary Philosophy
 D.M.Datta

3. Philosophy, Eastern and Western Volume II

4. A Critical History of Western Philosophy

5. Living issues of Philosophy
6. A History of Philosophy

: S.Radhakrishna (Ed)

: D.J. 'O' Conner : Harold H.Titus

: B.A.G.Fuller

7. A History of Contemporary Philosophy

8. Philosophical Analysis, its Development Between the two world wars.

9. Recent trends in Western Philosophy

 Philosophical Perspectives (Eastern and Western)

11. Introduction to Philosophical Analysis

12. Contemporary Western Philosophy Samakaleena Pashchyatya Tatvashastra

13. (Kan)

14. Existentialist concepts and the Hindu Philosophical Systems.

15. Whitehead's Concept of God 16. Six Existentialist thinkers.

17. A Critique of Logical Positivism

: Emile Bhrehier

: J.O.Urmson

: G.Srinivasan, Bapco Pubn. B'

: G.Srinivasan

: Hospers John : Copleston

: G.Srinivasan, Nabhasri Prakashana, Mysore

: G.Srinivasan : G.Srinivasan : H.J.Blackham

: E.M.Cryil Joad

COURSE-II DISCIPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVE b) PHILOSOPHY AND GLOBALISATION

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to gain knowledge on:

- Globalisation in the present context.
- Economic perspectives of Globalisation
- Globalisation and Religion, Spirituality and values

unit -1: Definition of globalisation - Globalisation in the present context.

Unit – 2: Economic perspectives of Globalisation

Unit – 3: Globalisation and Technology

Unit - 4: Globalisation and Interculturalism

Unit – 5: Globalisation and Religion, Spirituality and values

Reference Books

1. Religion and Globalisation: Esposito John.L.2. Analysis of the Paradigm: Raj.M.C.

3. Sociology of Globalization : Sassen, Saskia 4. One World : the Ethics of Globalization : Singer, Peter

5. Globalization : Steger, Manfred.B.

6. Orientalism, Postmodernism, Globalism : Turner, Bryan
7. Modernity at Large : Cultural Dimensions of : Appadurai, Arjun

Globalization : Turner, Bryan.S

8. Multi-Culturalism and Ethnicity in Global
Context : Sharma, Satish.K.

9. Toward a Constructive
Postmodern Ethics : Ferre, Frederick

OU

10. Knowledge, Culture and Value : Pandeya.R.C.

11. Human Person & the World of Values : Schwarz.B.V.

12. History of Philosophy of Technology : Buhliarello

13. Spirituality Science and Technology : Chattopadhyaya Philosophy and Technology in Modern Thinking : Kohanski,

14. Alexanders

15. Technology and Religion : Queffelec, Henri

Philosophy of Technology: The

16. Technological

Condition and Anthology : Scharff, Robert.C. 17.Eco-Technology : Schauberger 18.Eco-Technology : Schauberger

HARDCORE

COURSE-III CONTEMPORARY INDIAN THOUGHT (FROM SRI AUROBINDO TO M. HIRIYANNA)

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to understands the works of:

- Sri Aurobindo
- Sri Ramana Maharshi
- S.Radhakrishnan
- Dr.Ambedkar

<u>Unit - 1</u>: Sri Aurobindo

- e) Nature of the Absolute as Sat, cit, shakti and Ananda.
- f) Doctrine of Evolution Descent and Ascent
- g) The concept of Integral Yoga
- h) The concept of Gnostic Society.

<u>Unit – 2</u>: Sri Ramana Maharshi

- e) Ramana and Advaitic tradition
- f) Nature of the Self
- g) Self-realisation and its means

Unit -3: S.Radhakrishnan

- e) Characteristics of Philosophy as viewed by S.Radhakrishnan
- f) Nature of Absolute and its relationship with God
- g) Doctrine of Maya
- h) His Doctrine of Creative Intuition
- i) Religion and the Concept of Sarvamukti.

Unit - 4: M.Hiriyanna

- a) Mission of Philosophy (Mission of Philosophy)
- b) Purusharthas (quest after perfection)

<u>Unit – 5:</u> Dr.Ambedkar – Ambedkar and Buddhism - His views on Varnashrama Dharma

ev.

D C CI
: D.S.Sharma
: D.S.Sharma
: D.S.Sharma
: P.T.Raju
: Sharma.N.
: R.S.Srivatsa
: V.S.Naravane
: R.S.Mishra
: S.K.Maitra
: Rishabchand
: S.Radhakrishnan
: S.Radhakrishnan
: S.Radhakrishnan
: Paul Arthur Schipp Ed.
: S.Radhakrishnan
:Sri Aurobindo
: K.B.Ramakrishna Rao
: M.Yamuacharya
: V.N.Sheshagiri Rao
: Kundaragi

OPEN ELECTIVE

COURSE-IV A) POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to:

- · Understand the Problem and scope of Political Philosophy
- Analyse the Problem of Political obligation
- $\underline{\text{Unit}} \underline{1}$: Problem and scope of Political Philosophy
 - a) Relation of Philosophy with politics
 - b) Society and State, and State and the Government
- <u>Unit 2</u>: Origin of State a) Social contract theory of Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau b) Sovereignty of the State
- $\underline{unit-3}$: The Problem of Political obligation
 - a) Rights and Duties
 - b) Liberty and Equality
- <u>Unit 4</u>: Forms of Government
 - e) Democracy
 - f) Communism
 - g) Fascism
 - h) Sarvodaya

Ou.

$\underline{Unit-5}$: Problem of Internationalism - The World Government

Reference Books

1. States and Morals : R.M.Maciver 2. Grammar of Politics : H.J.Laski : H.J.Laski 3. State in theory and Practice 4. Principles of Political obligation : T.H. Green 5. Political Philosophy : William.T. 6. Political Philosophy : Blackstone 7. Political Philosophy : Ouinton Ed. 8. Sarvodaya : M.K.Gandhi 9. The Evolution of Political Thought Paknston

10. Paschtya Rajakiya Tattva Shastra

: H.Krishan Rao Prasaranga, Mysore.

COURSE-IV B) FUNDAMENTALS OF LATER BUDDHISM

COURSE OUTCOMES

After the completion of the course the students will be able to gain knowledge about:

- Different Schools of Later Buddhism
- Nagarjuna's Shunyavada
- Social phase of Buddhism in contemporary India

COURSE CONTENT

- Unit 1: Different Schools of Later Buddhism Hinayana and Mahayana A survey of its literature - Common features of the schools
 - Unit 2: A brief outline of Sarvastivada Sautrantika and Vaibhashika schools
 - Unit 3: Vijanavada (Yogachara) and its epistemology
 - Unit 4: Nagarjuna's Shunyavada Concept of Shunya.
 - Unit 5: Social phase of Buddhism in contemporary India Dr. Baba Saheb Ambedkar.

Reference Books

1. Out lines of Indian Philosophy : M.Hiriyanna 2. Indian Philosophy, Volume 1 & 2 : S.Radhakrishnan 3. History of Indian Philosophy: Volume I,II,III & IV : S.N.Dasagupta 4. Essentials of Indian Philosophy : M.Hiriyanna 5. An Introduction to Indian Philosophy : Datta and Chatteriee 6. History of Philosophy - East and West : S. Radhakrishnan 7. Bharatiya Tattvasastrada Ruparekhegalu : Prabhushankar 8. Bharatiya Darshana (Kan Trans) : Ramachandra Sastri

9. Bharatiya Tattvasastra Samgraha : H.N.Raghavendra Char 10. Philosophy of Buddshism :Manohar Bhardwaj

: R.K.Pruthi, S.Ram, Archna

11. Buddhsim and social Values Chaturvedi

12. Buddhism Basic Tenets and practices :Madhusudan Sakya

13. Buddshism in New World order

14. Readings in Biddha's Life

15. Buddhism and Ethics

16. Buddhism in Modern World

17. Studies in history of Buddhism

18. The Buddhist way

19. Early Monastic Buddhism Vol.1&2

20. Buddhist Ethics

21. Central Philosophy of Buddhism

22. A History of Indian Philosophy Vol.I

Encyclopedia of Indian Philosophies Volume XXII 23. Buddhist philosophy from 750 on word edited by

PAPER 4.5

:Madhusudan Sakya

:Suman Chaterjee

: Shri Shri RAvindra Bramachari

Chidanandjee

: D.R.Jatava

edited by A,K,Narain

:Dr.K.Shri.Dhammananda

:Nalinaksha Dutt

:George Allanand Unwin

:T.R.VMurti

:Surendranath Dasgupta

:Karl H.Potter

DISCIPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVE

a) Prescribed Text: Western/Indian

b) Term project - Western

c) Dissertation - Western.

Department of Post-Graduate Studies and Research in Philosophy University of Mysore

Manasagangotri, Mysuru-570 006